

# Computer Graphics

## CS 543 – Lecture 13 (Part 2)

### Advances in Graphics

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Prof Emmanuel Agu

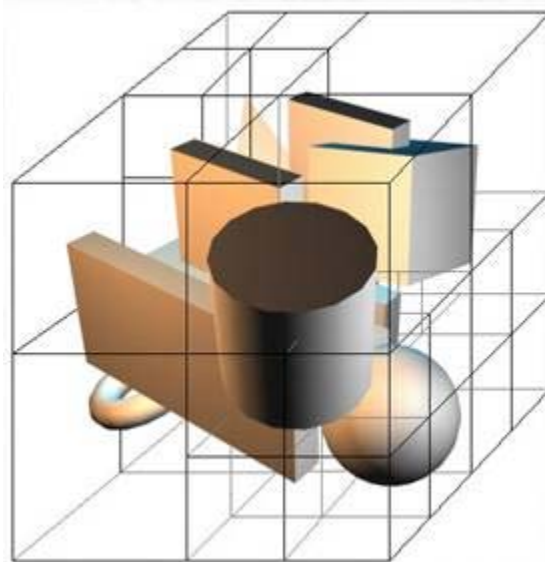
*Computer Science Dept.  
Worcester Polytechnic Institute (WPI)*





# Recall: Accelerating Ray Tracing

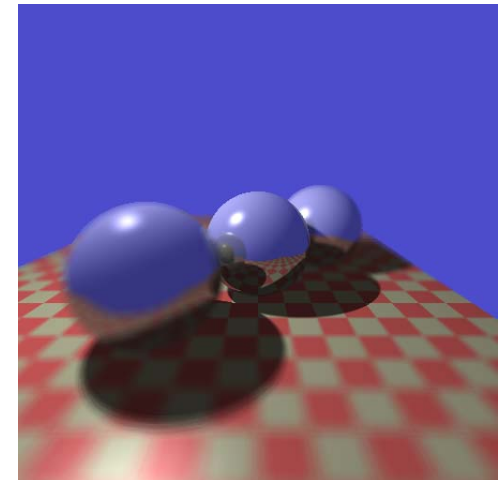
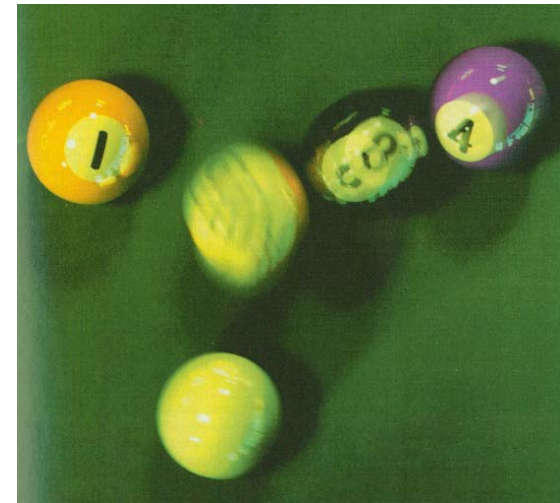
- To accelerate ray tracing, place grid over scene
- Test cells recursively
- Acceleration structures: BSP trees, kd trees, etc





# Making Ray Tracing Look Real

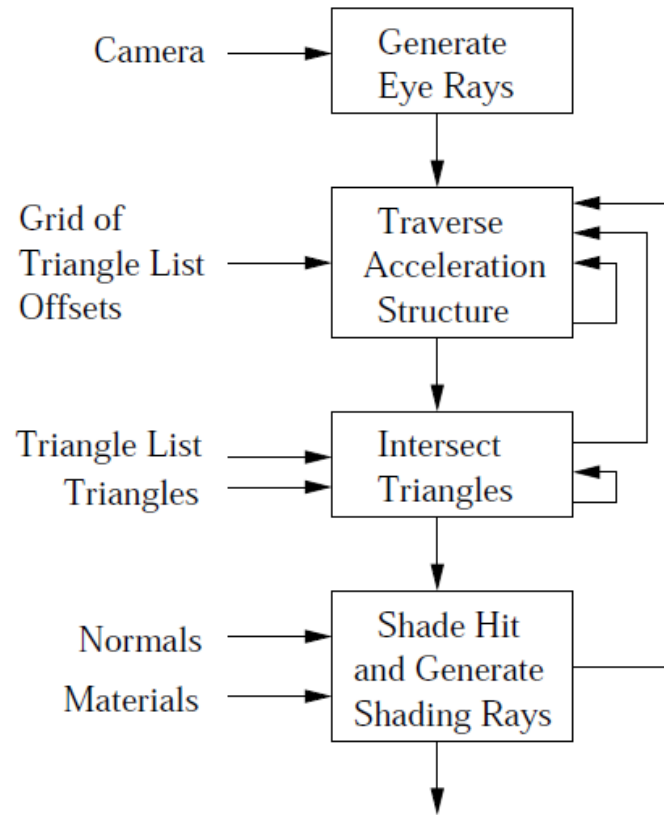
- **Antialiasing**
  - Cast multiple rays from eye through same point in each pixel
- **Motion blur**
  - Each of these rays intersects the scene at a different time
  - Reconstruction filter controls shutter speed, length
- **Depth of Field**
  - Simulate camera better
    - f-stop
    - focus
- **Other effects** (soft shadow, glossy, etc)





# Real Time Ray Tracing

- Multi-pass rendering: Ray tracer using 4 shaders



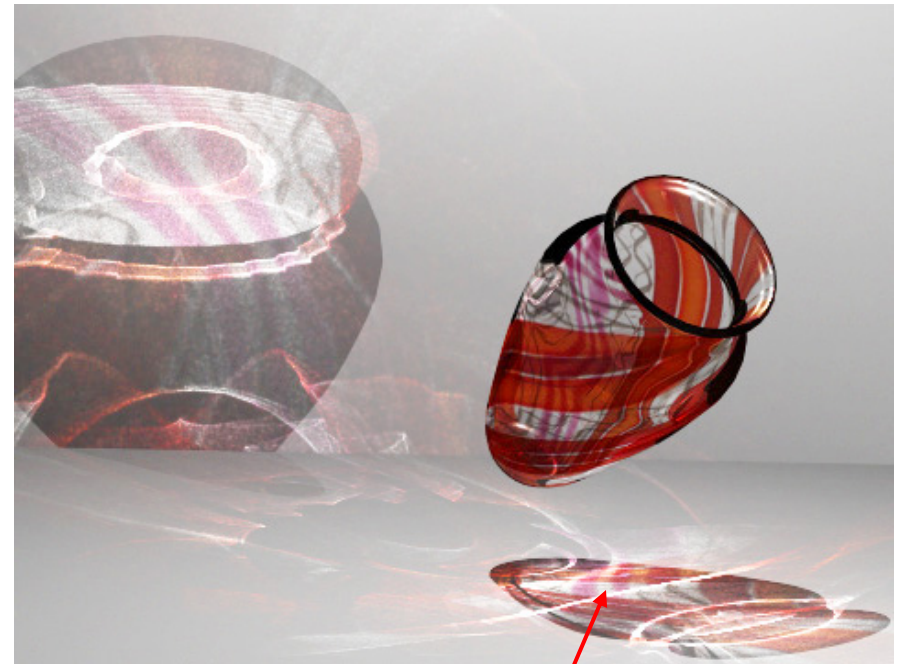


# Real Time Ray Tracing

- Nvidia Optix ray tracer
- Needs high end Nvidia graphics card
- SDK is available on their website
- <http://developer.nvidia.com/object/optix-home.html>



# Photon mapping examples



**Caustics**

Images: courtesy of Stanford rendering contest

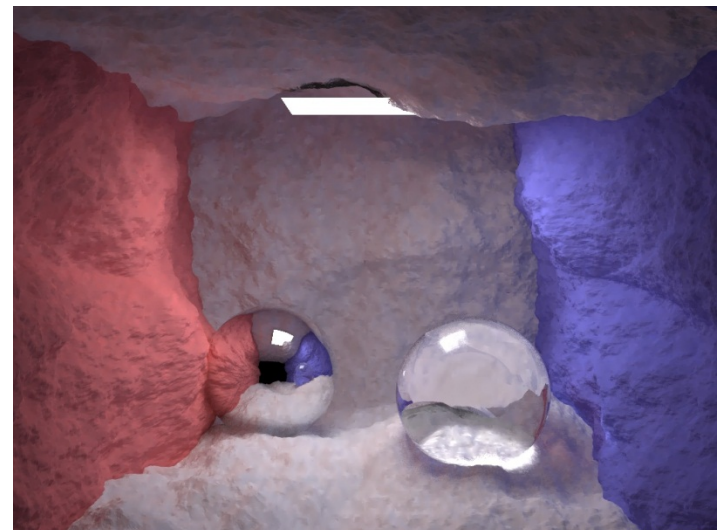


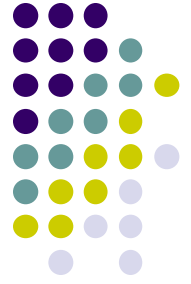
# Photon Mapping

- Simulates the transport of individual photons (Jensen '95-'96)

Two pass algorithm

- Pass 1 - **Photon tracing**
  - Emit photons from lights
  - Trace photons through scene.
  - Store photons in kd-tree (photon maps)
- Pass 2 - **Rendering**
  - Render scene using information in the photon maps to estimate:
    - Reflected radiance at surfaces
    - Scattered radiance from volumes and translucent materials.
- Good for effects ray tracing can't:
  - Caustics
  - Light through volumes (smoke, water, marble, clouds)





# Photon Tracing

## Photon scattering

- Emitted photons are probabilistically scattered through the scene and are eventually absorbed.
- Photon hits surface: can be reflected, refracted, or absorbed
- Photon hits volume: can be scattered or absorbed.

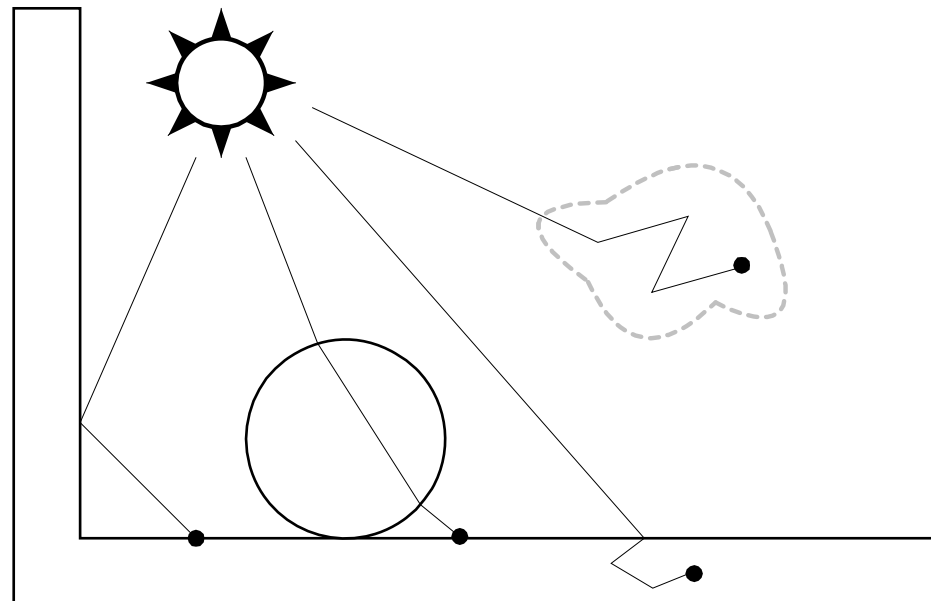


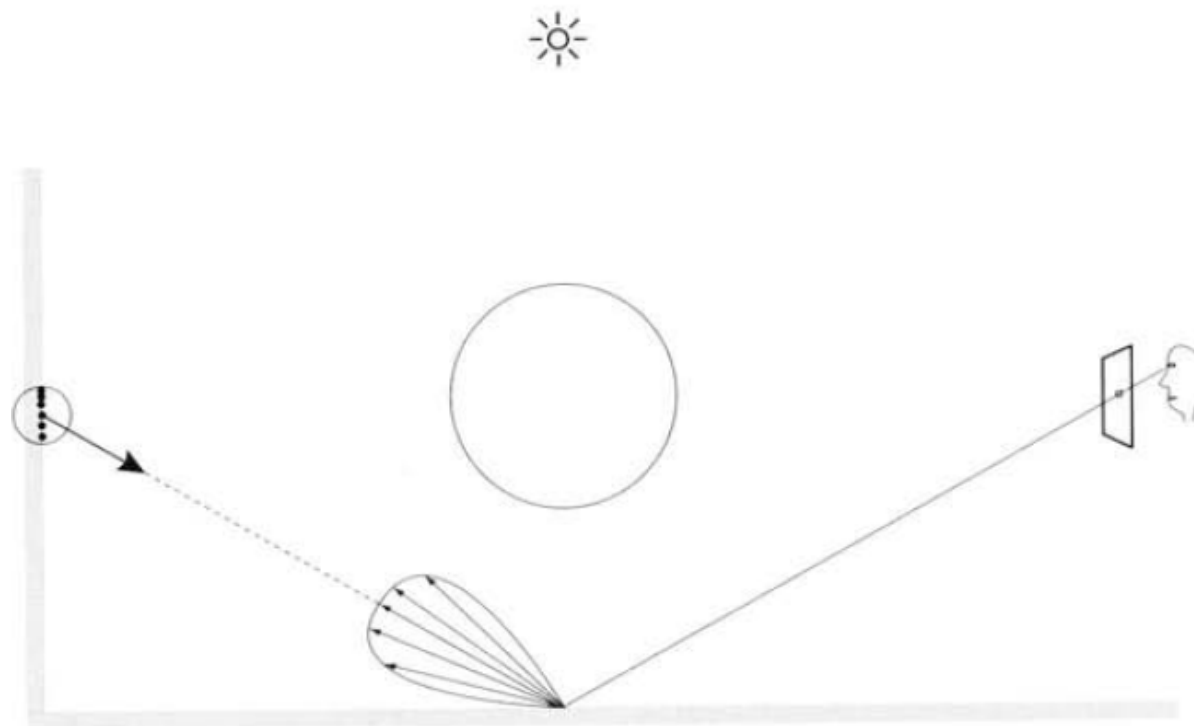
Illustration is based on figures from Jensen[1].



# Photon mapping: Pass 2 - Rendering



- Indirect diffuse lighting: Use ray tracing
- Volumes, caustics: estimate illumination using photon map

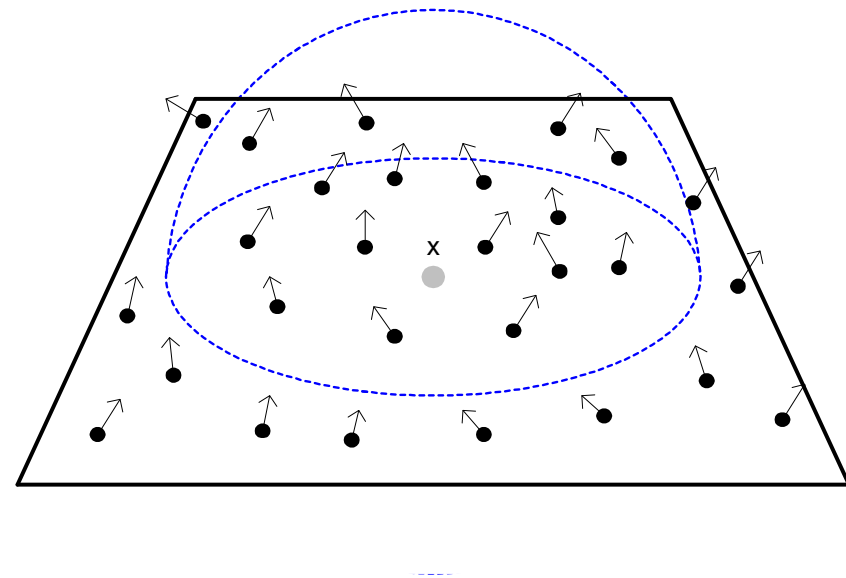
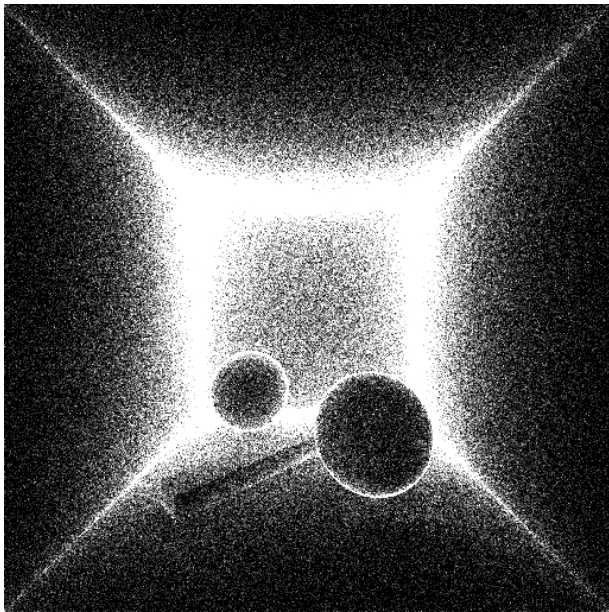


# Photon Tracing



## Pass 2 - Rendering

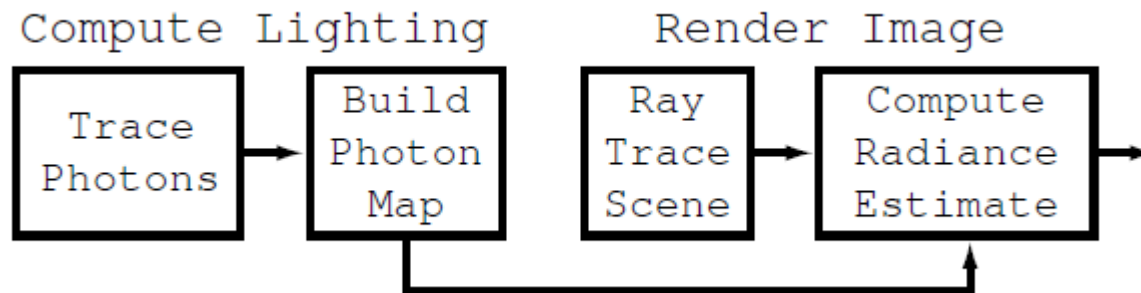
- Imagine ray tracing a hitpoint  $x$
- Information from photon maps used to estimate radiance from  $x$
- Radius of circle required to encountering  $N$  photons gives radiance estimate at  $x$





# Real Time Photon mapping

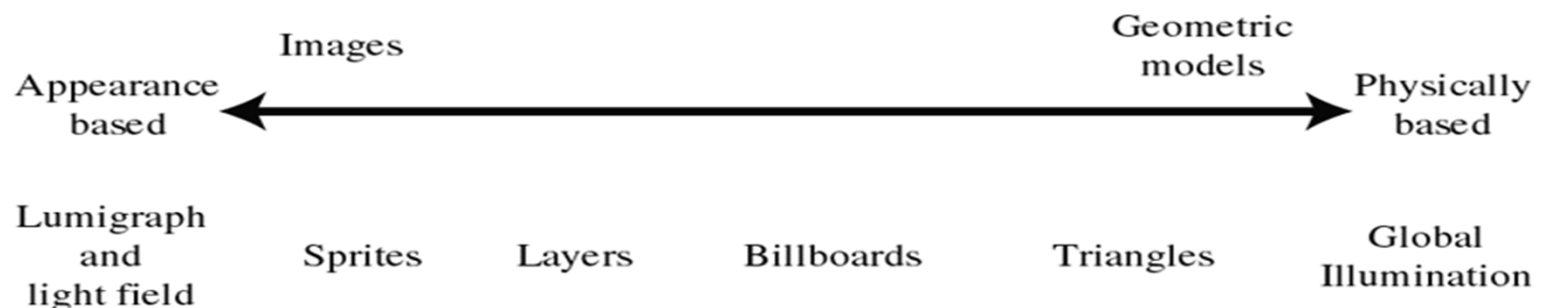
- Similar idea to real-time ray tracing.
- Photon mapping as multi-pass shading





# Real-Time Rendering Techniques

- Applications: game engines, virtual reality, simulators, etc
- Algorithms must run at min 30 FPS
- Polygonal techniques: OpenGL, DirectX
- Shaders: Pixel/vertex shading
- Level of detail management (simplification, tessellation)
- Texturing to improve RT performance
- Point-based rendering
- BRDF factorization, SH lighting
- Image-based rendering: Spectrum of IBR techniques





# Billboards

- IBR: pre-render geometry onto images/textures
- Rendering at runtime involves simple lookups, fast
- Similar technique used for crowds in NFL madden football

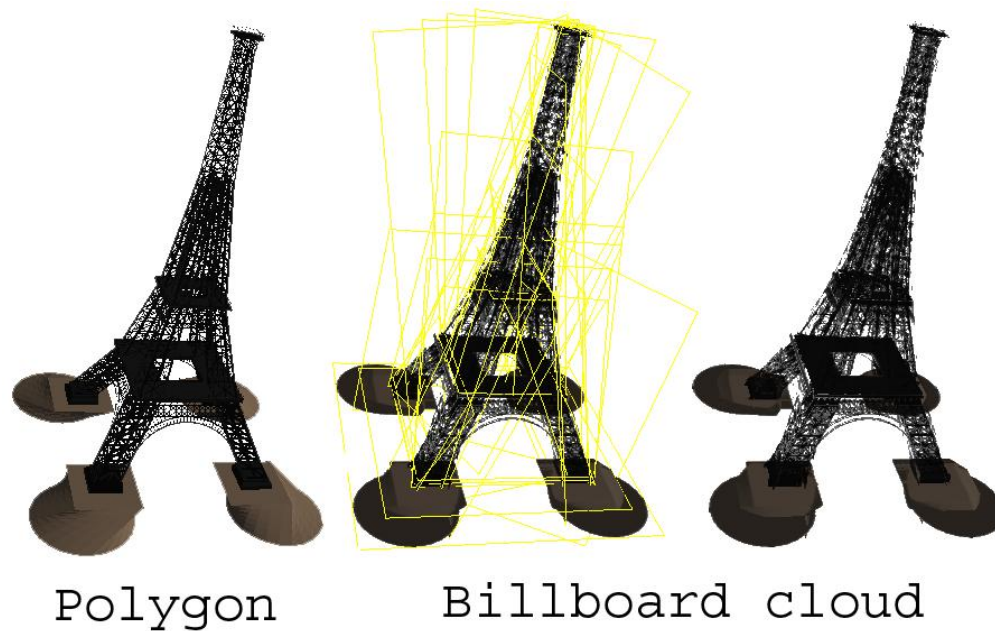


*Real time cloud rendering, Mark J. Harris*



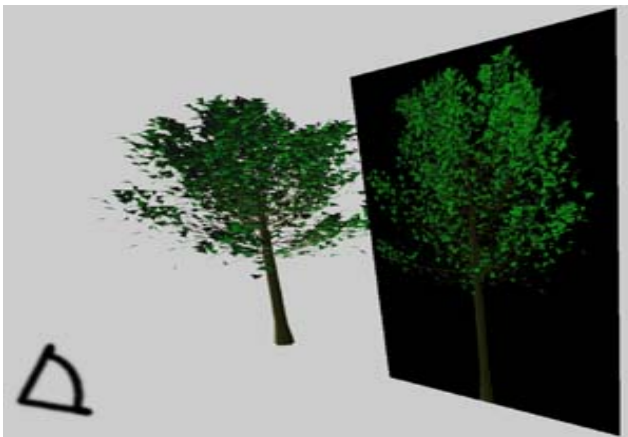
# Billboard Clouds

- **Billboard Clouds**, Decoret, Durand *et al* [SIGGRAPH'03]
- Render complex mesh onto cloud of billboards
- Billboard inclined at different viewpoints



# Imposters

- Similar to billboards



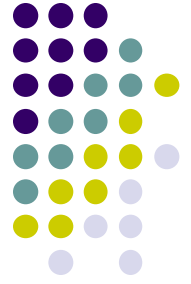
*Impostors Made Easy – William Damon, Intel*



No Impostors

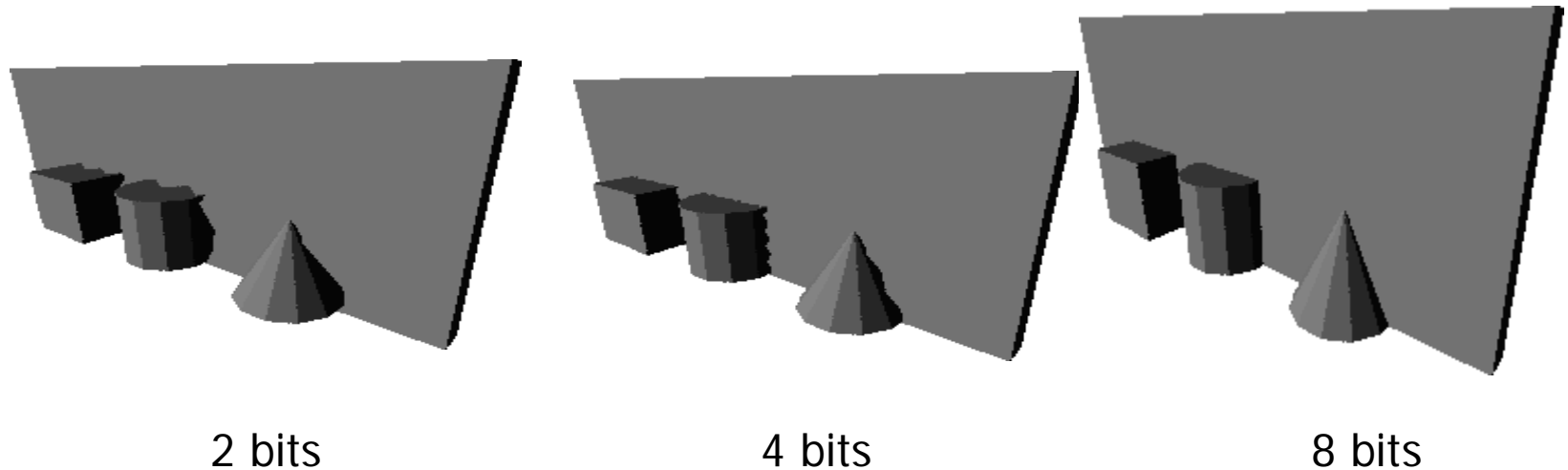


With Impostors

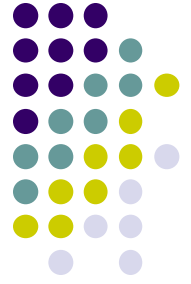


## Depth Sprite aka Nailboard

- Give depth to image !
- $RGB\Delta$  -  $\Delta$  (transparency) is depth parameter
- Set  $\Delta$  based on depth of actual geometry
- Accuracy varies with no. of bits to represent  $\Delta$







# IBR: Pros and Cons

- Pros
  - Simplifies computation of complex scenes
  - Rendering cost independent of scene complexity
- Cons
  - Static scene geometry
  - Fixed lighting
  - Fixed look-from or look-at point

# Recent Trends in Games

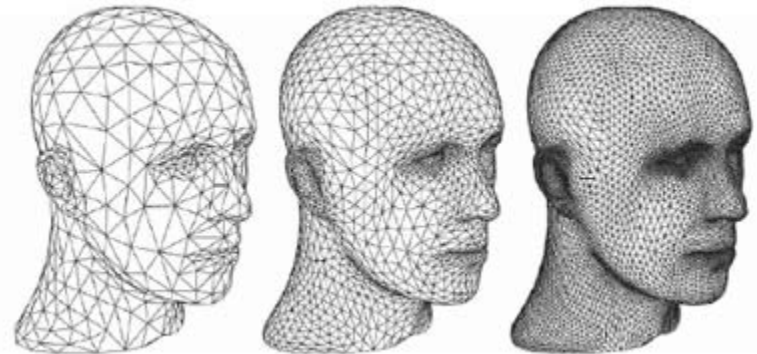


1. Real Time LoD Management
2. Capture rendering data
3. Pre-computation to speed up run-time
4. Screen Space GI techniques
5. Real Time Global Illumination
6. Hardware-accelerated physics engines



# Recall: Trend 1: Real-Time LoD Management

- Geometry shader unit, can generate new vertices, primitives from original set
- Tessellation and simplification algorithms on GPU
- Real-time change LoD in game



[Zorin and Schröder, 2000]

# Trend 2: Capture Rendering Data



- Old way: use equations to model:
  - Object geometry, lighting (Phong), animation, etc
- New way: capture parameters from real world
- Example: motion in most sports games (e.g. NBA 2K live) is captured.
  - How? Put sensors on actors
  - Actors play game
  - Capture their motion into database
  - Player motion plays back database entries



*Courtesy: Madden NFL game*

# Geometry Capture: 3D Scanning



- **Capturing geometry trend:** Precise 3D scanning (Stanford, IBM, etc) produce very large polygonal models

**Model:** David

**Largest dataset Size: 2 billion polygons, 7000 color images!!**



**Courtesy: Stanford Michael Angelo 3D scanning project**



# How is capture done?

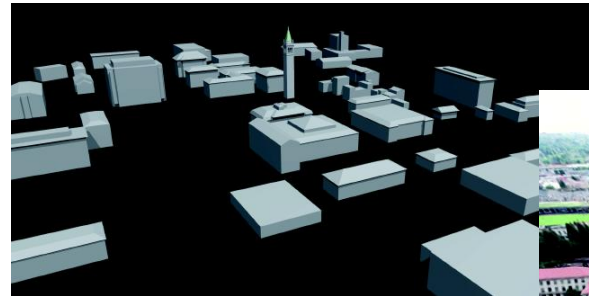
- **Capture:**
  - Digitize real object geometry and materials
  - Use cameras, computer vision techniques to capture rendering data
  - Put data in database, many people can re-use
- **Question:** What is computer vision?



# Exactly What Can We Capture?



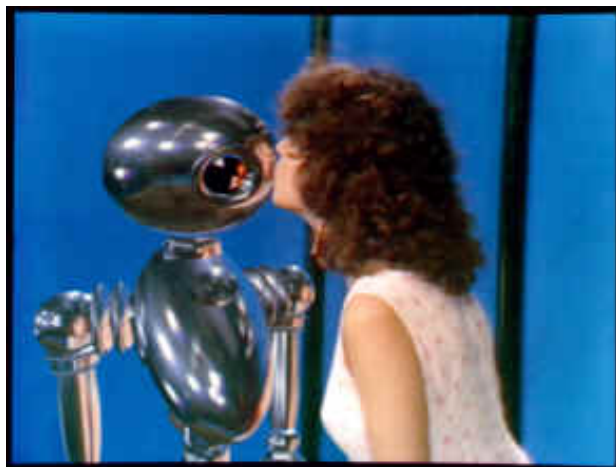
1. Appearance (volume, scattering, transparency, translucency, etc)



2. Geometry



3. Reflectance & Illumination



4. Motion



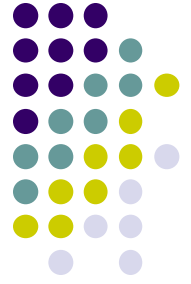
# Light Probes: Capturing light



Amazing graphics, High Dynamic Range?

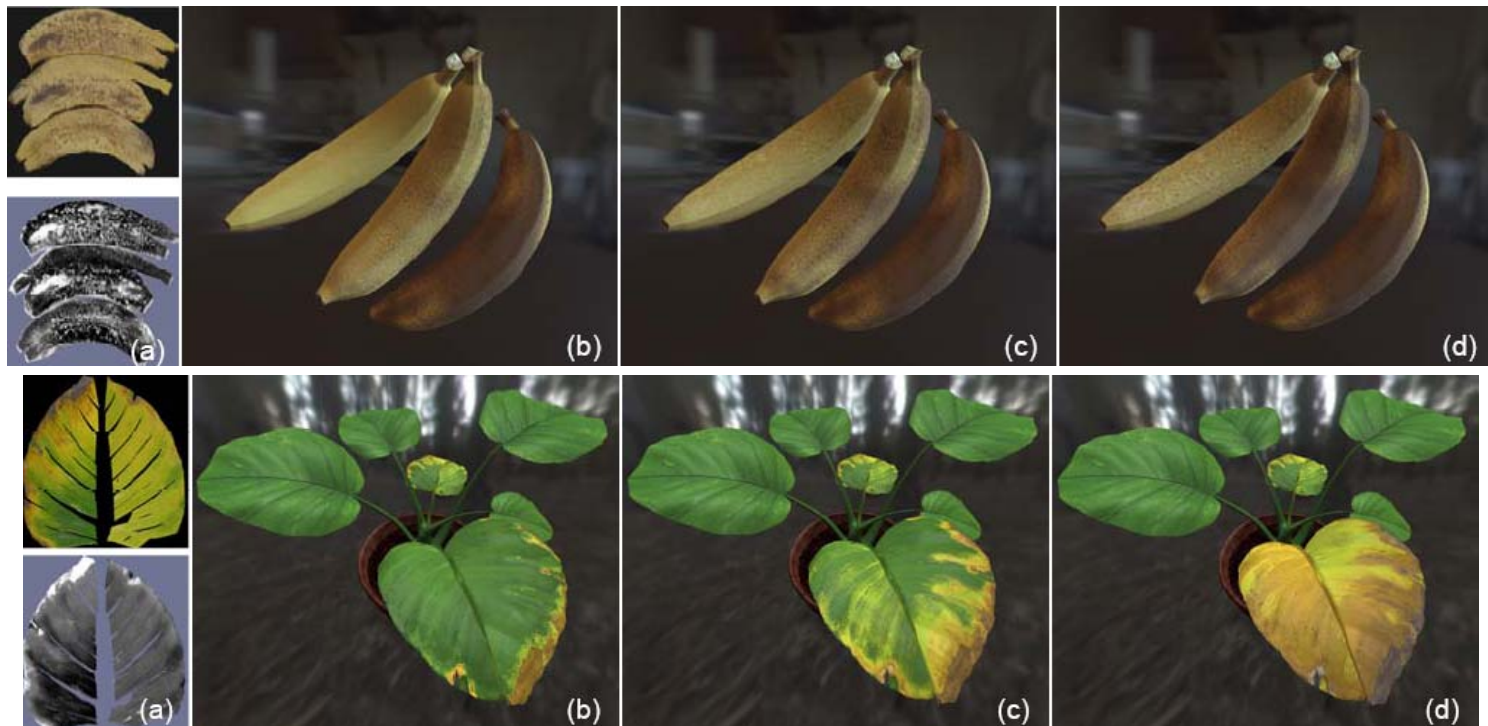






## Recall: Capture Material Reflectance (BRDF)

- **BRDF:** How different materials reflect light
- **Examples:** cloth, wood, velvet, etc
- Time varying?: how reflectance changes over time
- TV examples: weathering, ripening fruits, rust, etc

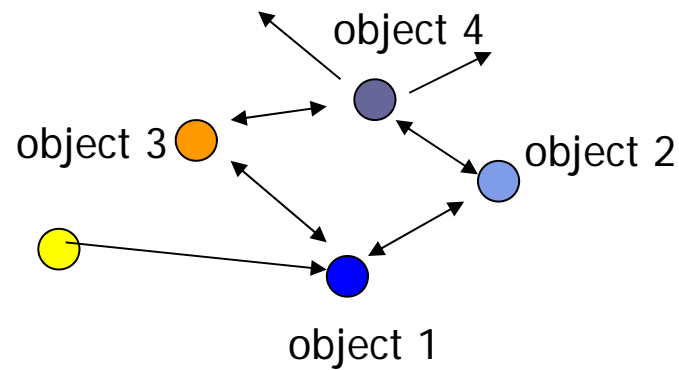


# Why effort to capture?



- **Big question:** If we can capture real world parameters, is this really **computer graphics**?

# Trend 3: Pre-computation to speed up run-time



- Pre-compute **lighting**
  - Lights objects mostly static
  - Use GPU to pre-compute approximate lighting solutions
  - Speeds up run-time
- Pre-compute **Occlusion**
- Pre-compute **Radiance Transfer** (reflections)
  - Use spherical harmonics

Pre-computed Global Illumination



HALO 3

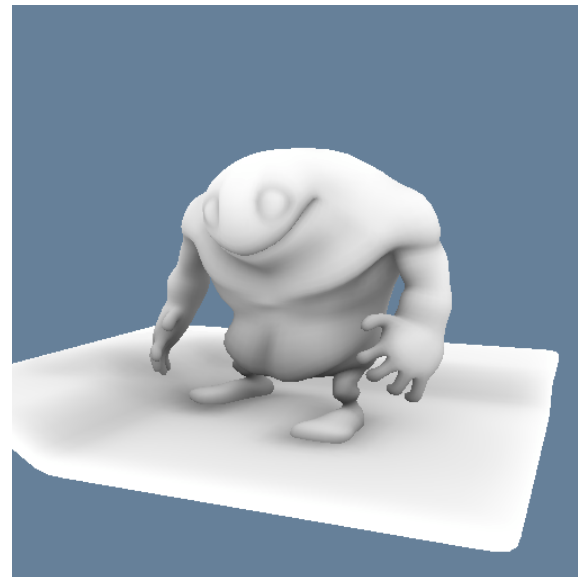
BUNGIE

SIGGRAPH2009



# Pre-Compute Occlusion

- Ambient occlusion
  - Each rendered point receives hemisphere of light
  - Estimate fraction of hemisphere above point that is blocked
  - Render ambient term as fraction of occlusion

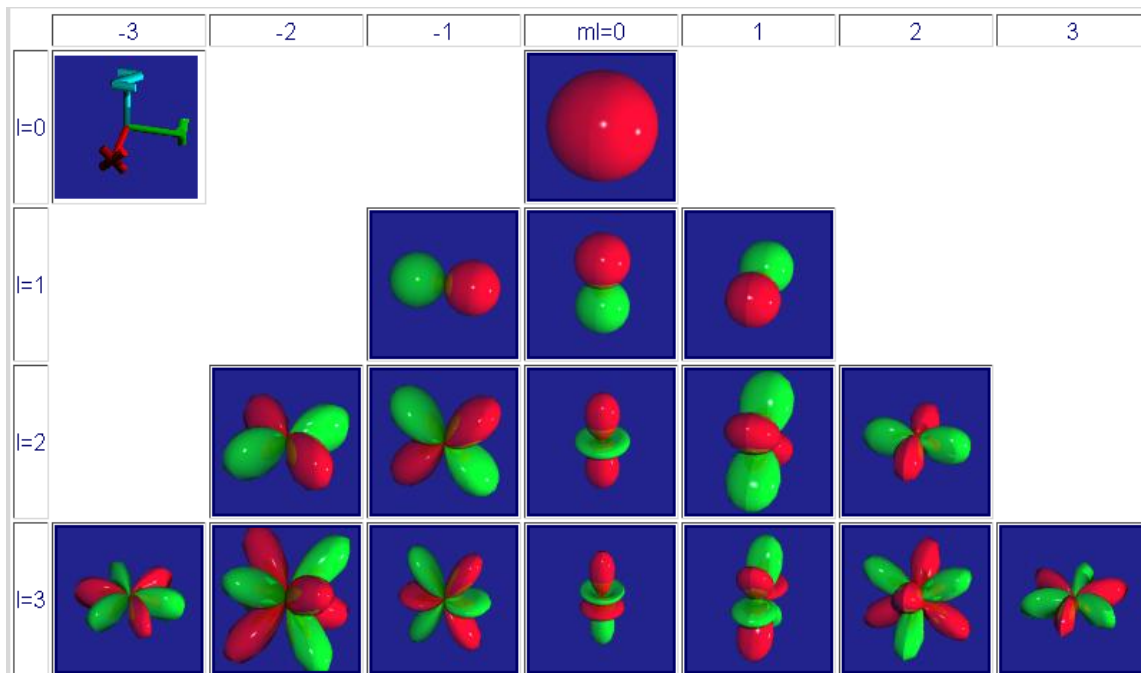


Courtesy Nvidia  
SDK 10



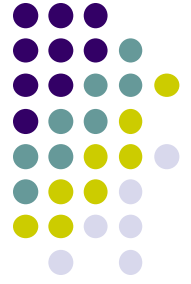
# Precomputed Radiance Transfer

- Factorize and precompute light and material as **Spherical Harmonics**
- Run-time: Light reflection is dot product at run time (Fast)



Sponza Atrium: Courtesy Marko Dabrovic

# Trend 4: Real time Global Illumination



- What's the difference?
  - Pre-compute means lookup at run-time
  - Approximate representations (e.g Spherical Harmonics)
  - Fast, but not always accurate
- Real Time Global Illumination: state-of-the art
  - Calculate complex GI equations at run-time
  - Use GPU, hardware

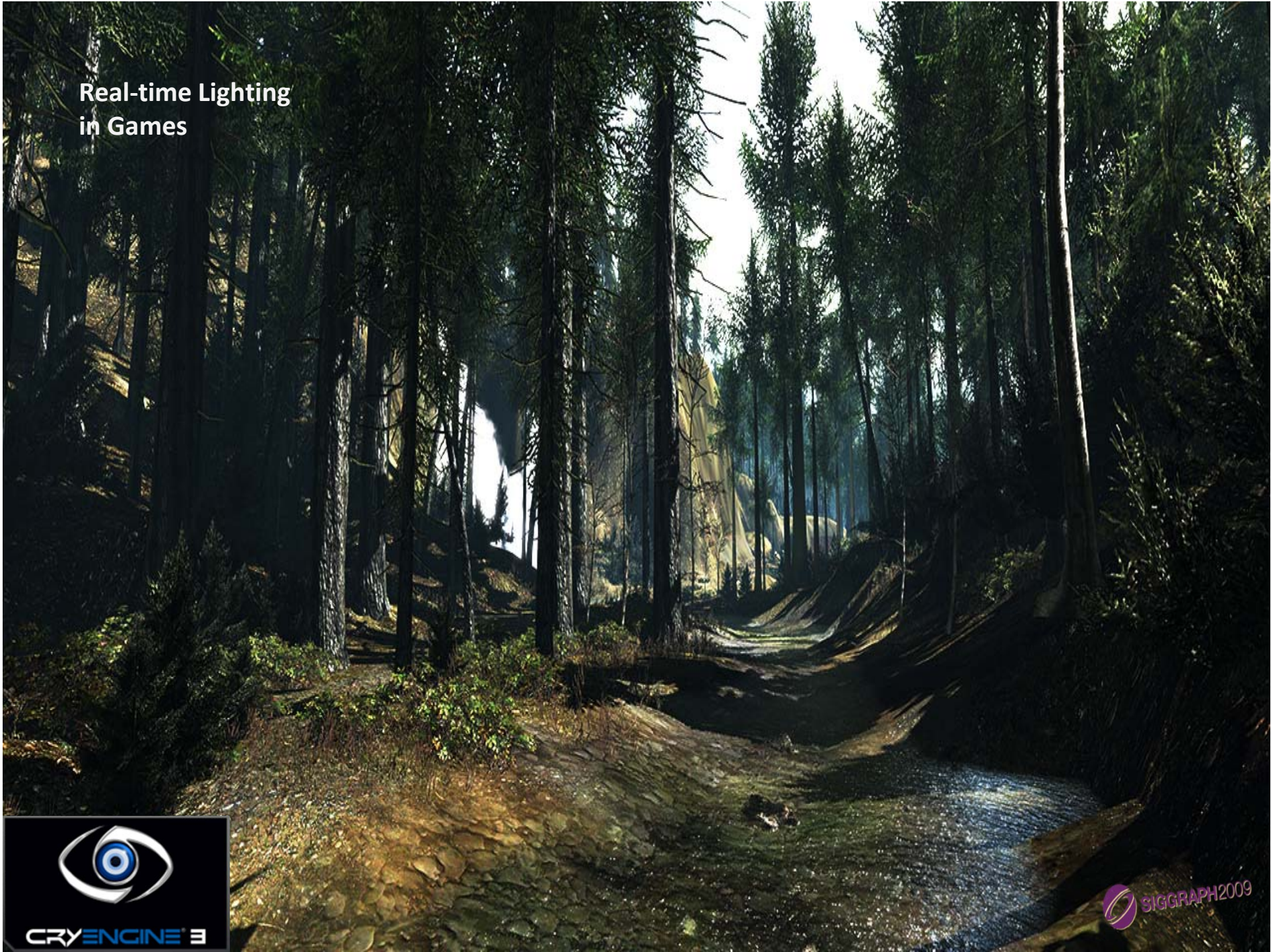
# Real Time Global Illumination



- Ray tracing enables global illumination
- Instead of billboards, imposters, images use physically-based appearance models
- Very cool effects:
  - Shadows
  - Ambient Occlusion
  - Reflections
  - Transmittance
  - Refractions
  - Caustics
  - Global subsurface scattering
  - What does it look like?



Real-time Lighting  
in Games



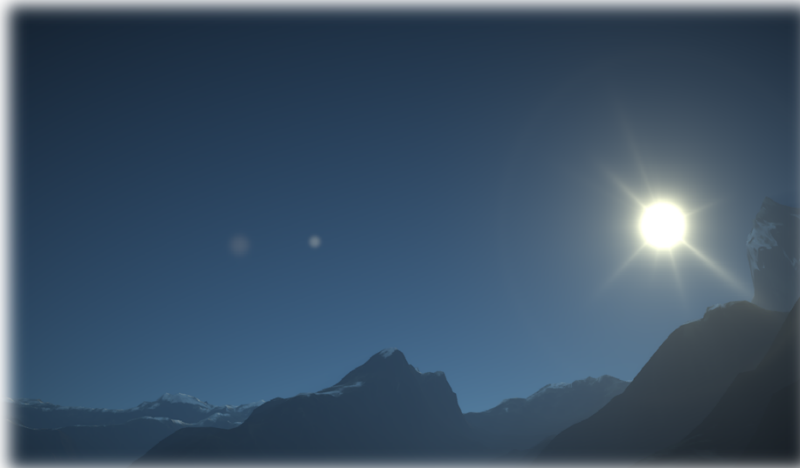
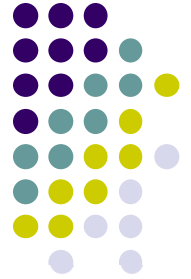
# Sky and Atmosphere: HALO 3 Previous Model

- Used in Halo 3
- [PSS99][PreethamHoffman03]
- Offline pre-computed sky texture
- Real-time scattering
- Single scattering only
- Viewable from ground only

# Current Model

- [BrunetonNeyret2008]
- Single and multiple scattering
- Pre-computation on the GPU
- Viewable from space
- Light shafts

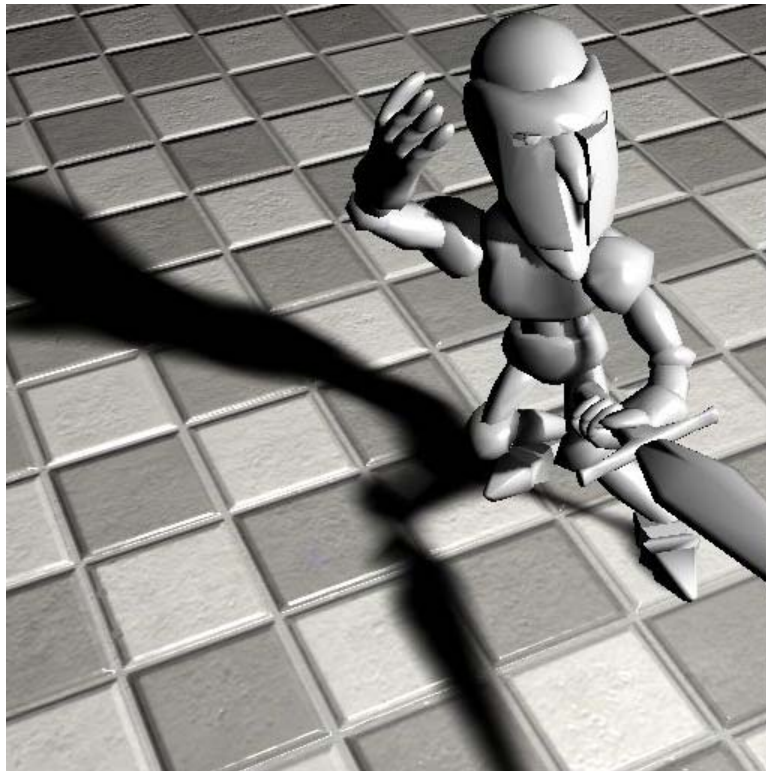
# Different Atmospheres



# Time Of Day



# Shadows

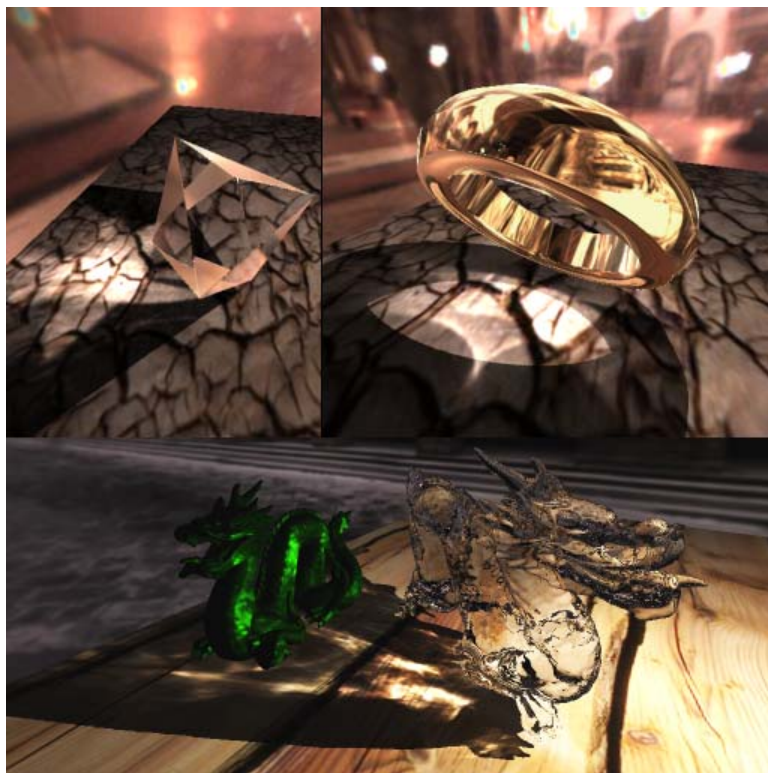


Variance shadow mapping  
Courtesy Nvidia SDK 10



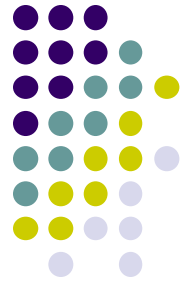
Courtesy Hellgate:London,  
flagship studios inc

# Caustics and Refraction

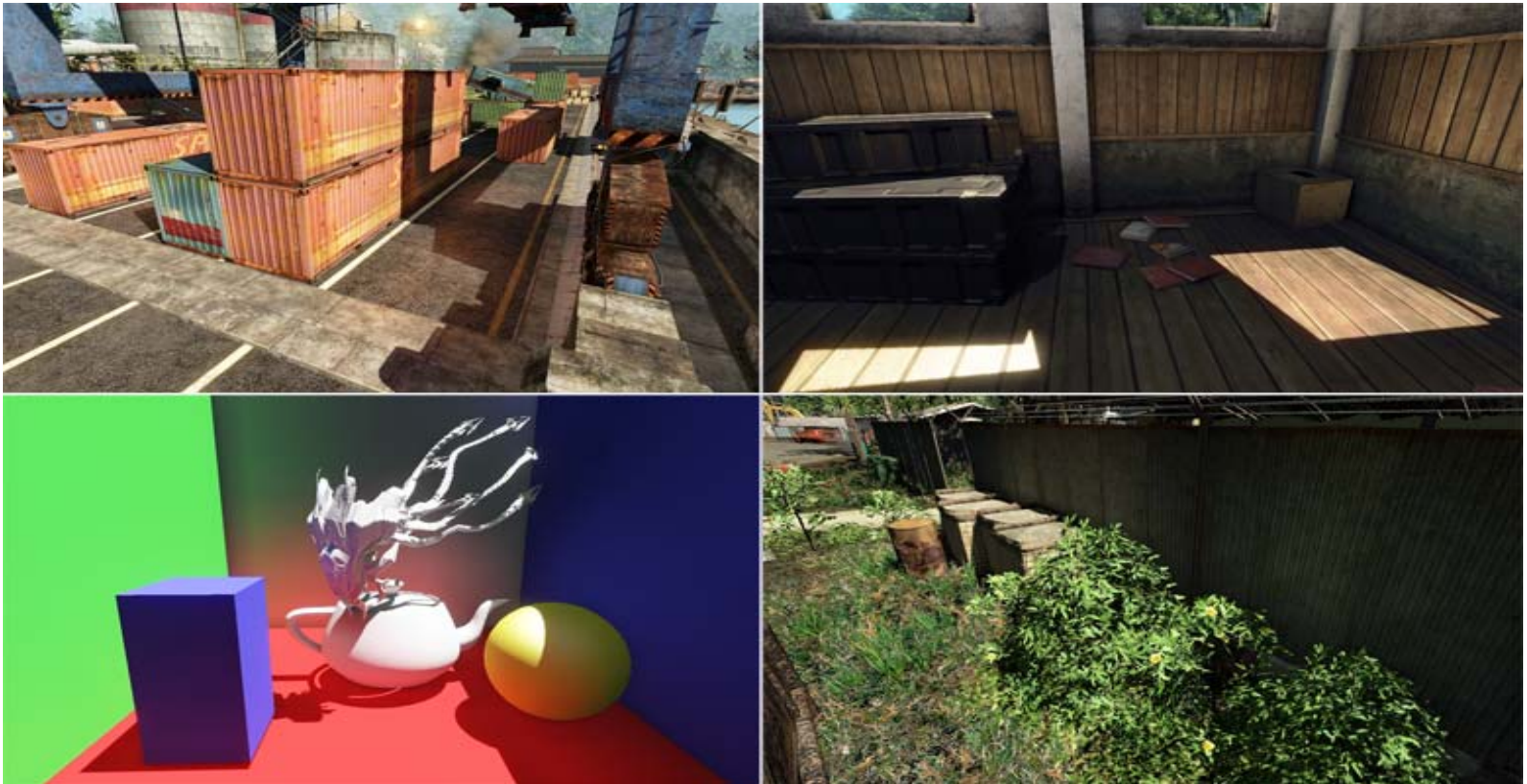


Courtesy Chris Wyman, Univ Iowa

# CryEngine 3:GI with Light Propagation Volumes

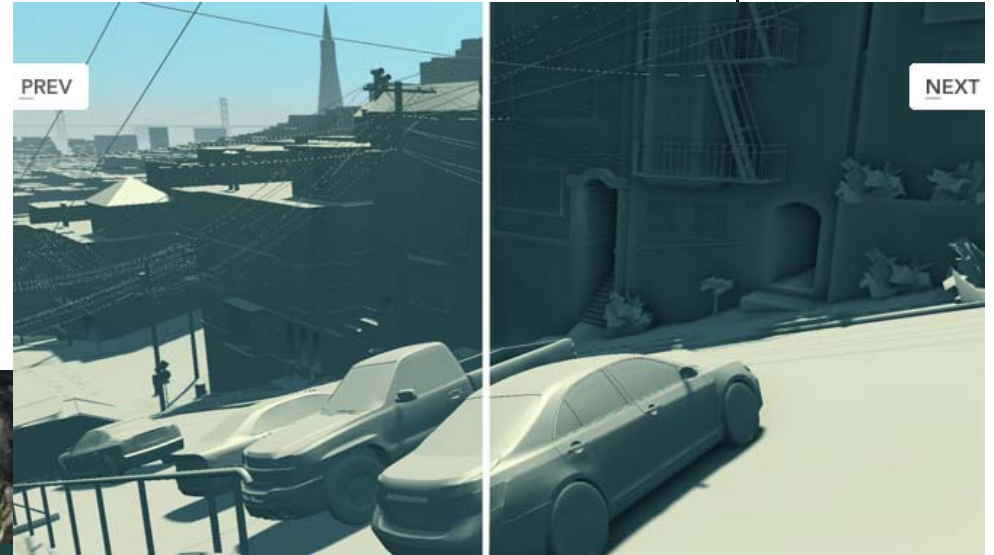


- State-of-the-art game engine
- Real-time simulation of massive, indirect physically-based lighting





# Crytek Crisis Engine Screenshots

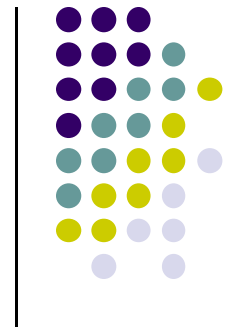


# Demo

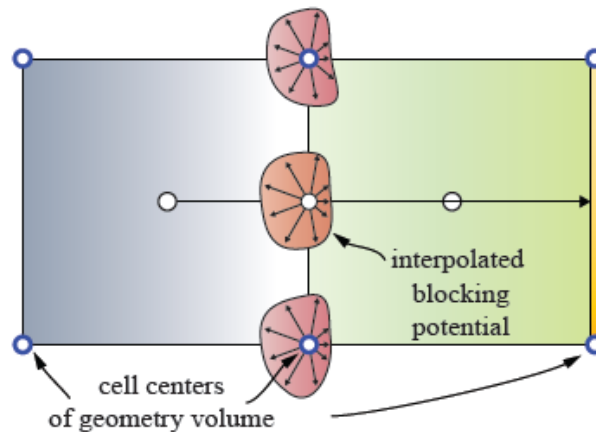
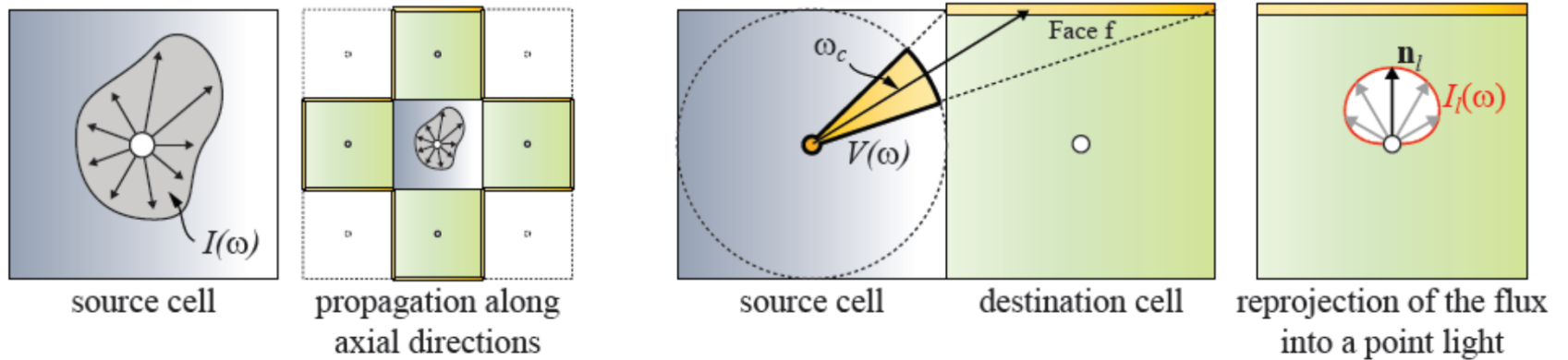
- Light Propagation Volumes [Demo](#)



# LPV Idea



**Main idea:** represent light propagation as Virtual Point Lights (VPL)  
Re-project VPL into adjacent cells



# Trend 5: Screen-Space GI Techniques



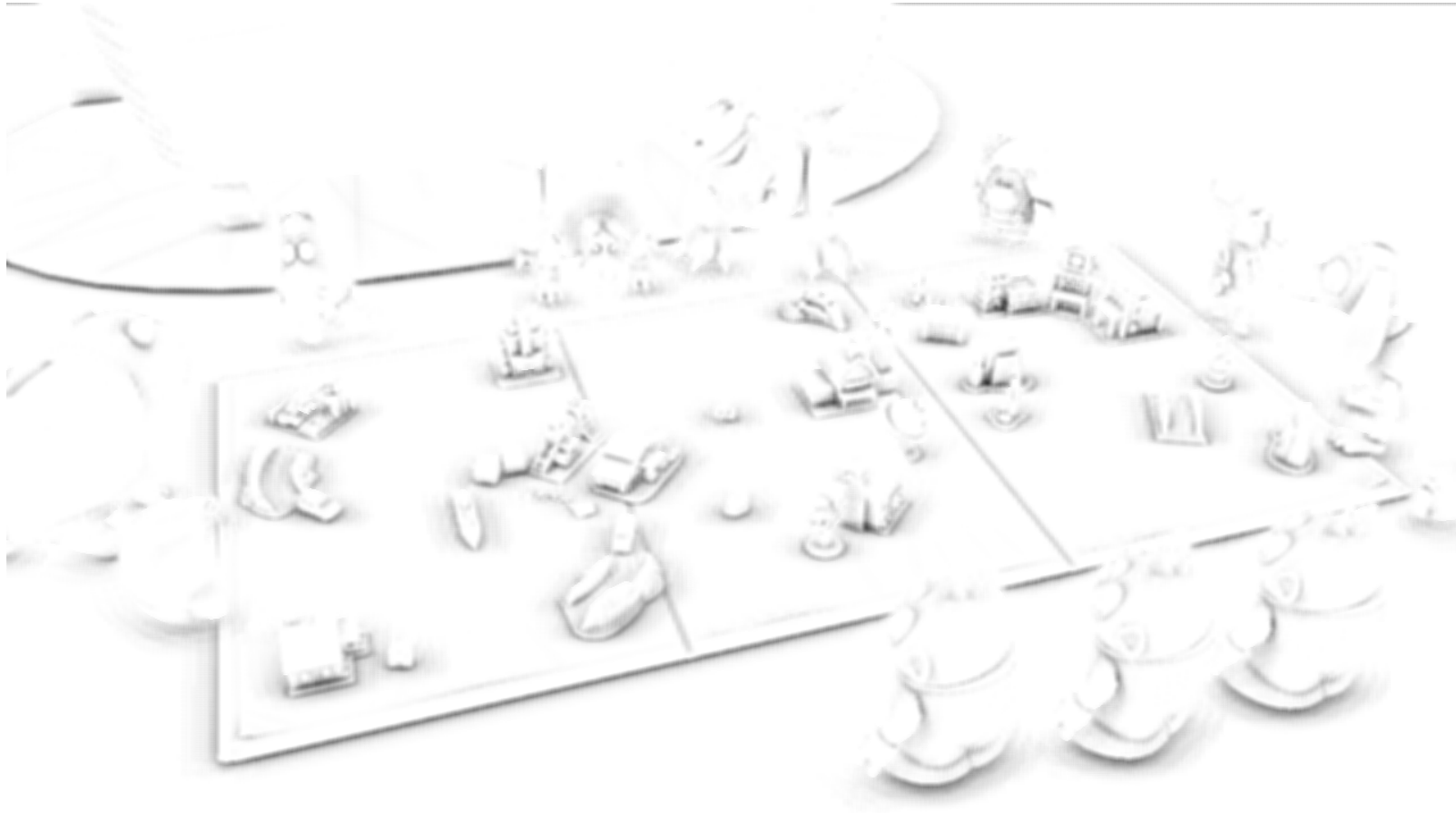
- Toy Story 3: Screen space Ambient Occlusion





# SSAO in Toy story 3

- Viewing just the ambient term of shading





## Trend 6: Physics Engines on GPU

- Nvidia Physx engine
- SDK: [developer.nvidia.com/object/physx\\_features.html](http://developer.nvidia.com/object/physx_features.html)
  - Complex rigid body object physics system
  - Advanced character control
  - Ray-cast and articulated vehicle dynamics
  - Multi-threaded/Multi-platform/PPU Enabled
  - Volumetric fluid creation and simulation
  - Cloth and clothing authoring and playback
  - Soft Bodies
  - Volumetric Force Field Simulation
  - Vegetation



# References

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- Yung-Yu Chuang, Image Synthesis, class slides, National Taiwan University, Fall 2005
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- UIUC CS 319, Advanced Computer Graphics Course slides
- <http://www.siggraph.org/education/materials/HyperGraph/raytrace/rtrace0.htm>
- Akenine Moller et al, Real-Time Rendering, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- Advances in Real-Time Rendering in 3D graphics and games, SIGGRAPH course notes 2009
- Anton Kaplanyan and Carsten Dachbacher, Cascaded light propagation volumes for real-time indirect illumination, in Proc. Si3D 2010
- Hao Chen and Natalya Tatarchuk, Lighting Research at Bungie, Advances in Real-Time Rendering in 3D Graphics and Games SIGGRAPH 2009 Course notes