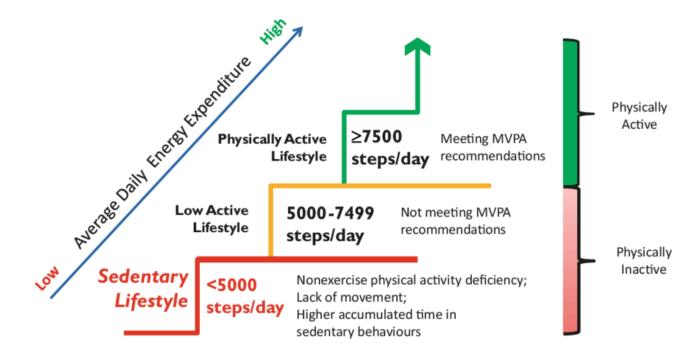
CS 528 Mobile and Ubiquitous Computing Lecture 6b: Step Counting & Activity Recognition	
Emmanuel Agu	



Step Counting (How Step Counting Works)

Sedentary Lifestyle

- Sedentary lifestyle
 - increases risk of diabetes, heart disease, dying earlier, etc
 - Kills more than smoking!!
- Categorization of sedentary lifestyle based on step count by paper:
 - "Catrine Tudor-Locke, Cora L. Craig, John P. Thyfault, and John C. Spence, A step-defined sedentary lifestyle index: < 5000 steps/day", Appl. Physiol. Nutr. Metab. 38: 100–114 (2013)





Step Count Mania

- Everyone is crazy about step count these days
- Pedometer apps, pedometers, fitness trackers, etc
- Tracking makes user aware of activity levels, motivates them to exercise more



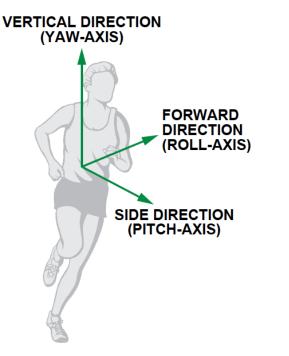


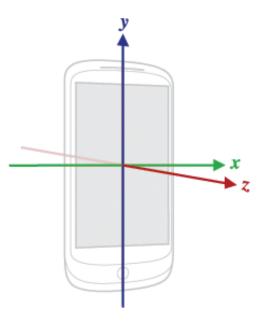




How does a Pedometer Detect/Count Steps

- As example of processing Accelerometer data
- Walking or running results in motion along the 3 body axes (forward, vertical, side)
- Smartphone has similar axes
 - Alignment depends on phone orientation

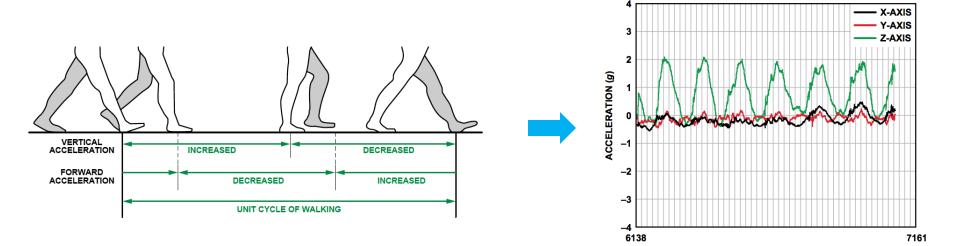




The Nature of Walking

Ref: Deepak Ganesan, Ch 2 Designing a Pedometer and Calorie Counter

- Vertical and forward acceleration increases/decreases during different phases of walking
- Walking causes a large periodic spike in one of the accelerometer axes
- Which axes (x, y or z) and magnitude depends on phone orientation





SAMPLE

Step Detection Algorithm

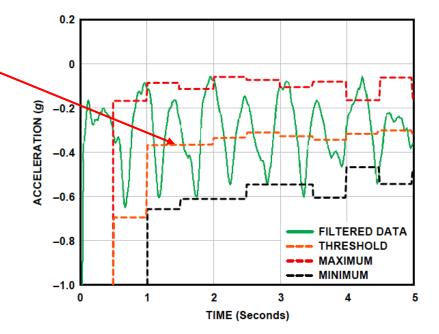
Ref: Deepak Ganesan, Ch 2 Designing a Pedometer and Calorie Counter

• Step 1: smoothing

- Signal looks choppy
- Smooth by replacing each sample with average of current, prior and next sample (Window of 3)

• Step 2: Dynamic Threshold Detection

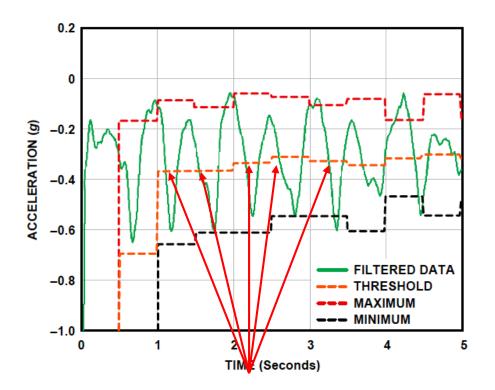
- Focus on accelerometer axis with largest peak
- Would like a threshold such that each crossing is a step
- But cannot assume fixed threshold (magnitude depends on phone orientation)
- Track min, max values observed every 50 samples
- Compute dynamic threshold: (Max + Min)/2





Step Detection Algorithm

- A step is
 - indicated by crossings of dynamic threshold
 - Defined as negative slope (sample_new < sample_old) when smoothed waveform crosses dynamic threshold

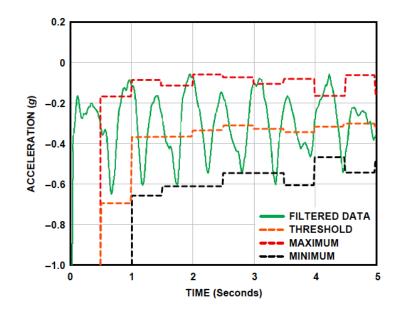




Steps

Step Detection Algorithms

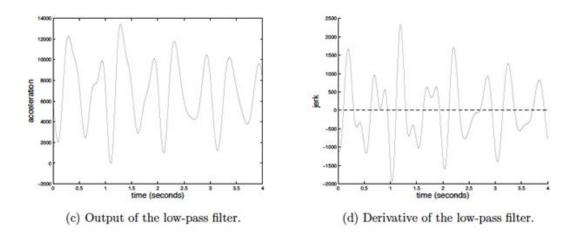
- Problem: vibrations (e.g. mowing lawn, plane taking off) could be counted as a step
- **Optimization:** Fix by exploiting periodicity of walking/running
- Assume people can:
 - **Run:** 5 steps per second => 0.2 seconds per step
 - Walk: 1 step every 2 seconds => 2 seconds per step
 - So, eliminate "negative crossings" that occur outside period [0.2 2 seconds] (e.g. vibrations)





Step Detection Algorithms

- Previous step detection algorithm is simple.
- Can use more sophisticated signal processing algorithms for smoothing
- Frequency domain processing (E.g. Fourier transform + low-pass filter)





Estimate Distance Traveled

Ref: Deepak Ganesan, Ch 2 Designing a Pedometer and Calorie Counter

• Calculate distance covered based on number of steps taken

Distance = number of steps × distance per step (1)

- Distance per step (stride) depends on user's height (taller people, longer strides)
- Using person's height, can estimate their stride, then number of steps taken per 2 seconds

Steps per 2 s	Stride (m/s)
0~2	Height/5
2~3	Height/4
3~4	Height/3
4~5	Height/2
5~6	Height/1.2
6~8	Height
>=8	1.2 imes Height



Estimating Calories Burned

Ref: Deepak Ganesan, Ch 2 Designing a Pedometer and Calorie Counter

To estimate speed, remember that speed = distance/time. Thus,

Speed (in m/s) = (no. steps per 2 s × stride (in meters))/2s (2)

- Can also convert to calorie expenditure, which depends on many factors E.g
 - Body weight, workout intensity, fitness level, etc
- Rough relationship given in table

Expressed as an equation

Calories $(C/kg/h) = 1.25 \times running \text{ speed } (km/h) (3)$

Running Speed (km/h)	Calories Expended (C/kg/h)
8	10
12	15
16	20
20	25

x / y = 1.25

• First convert from speed in km/h to m/s

Calories $(C/kg/h) = 1.25 \times speed (m/s) \times 3600/1000 = 4.5 \times speed (m/s) (4)$



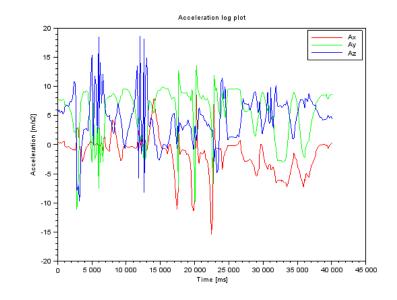


Introduction to Activity Recognition

Activity Recognition



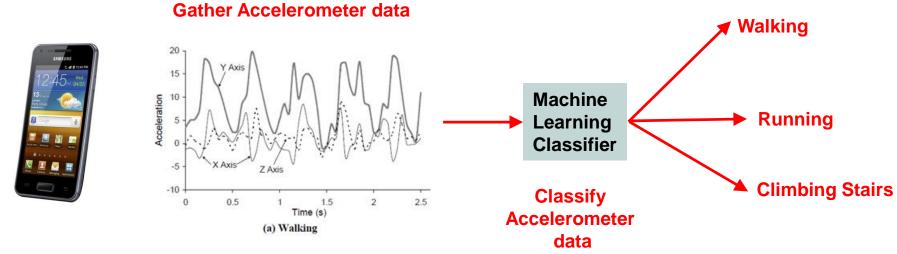
- **Goal:** Want our app to detect what activity the user is doing?
- **Classification task:** which of these 6 activities is user doing?
 - Walking,
 - Jogging,
 - Ascending stairs,
 - Descending stairs,
 - Sitting,
 - Standing

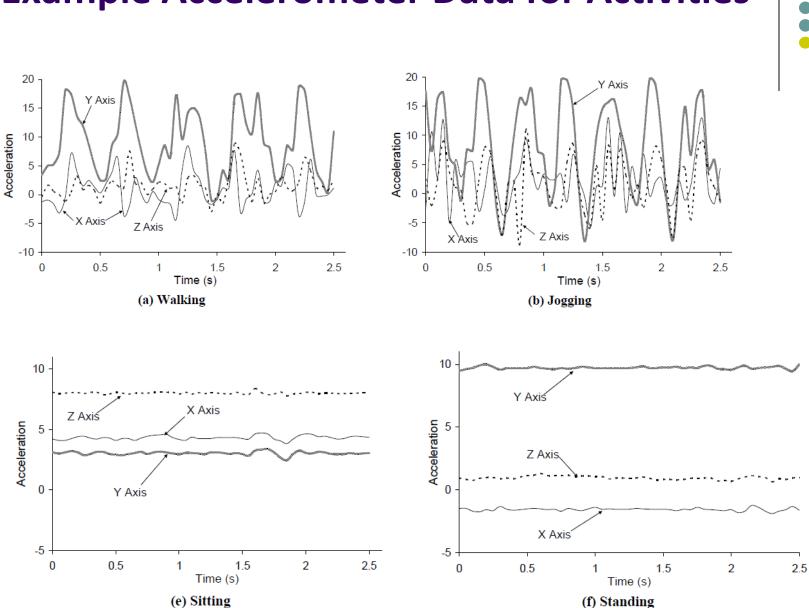


• Typically, use machine learning classifers to classify user's accelerometer signals

Activity Recognition Overview

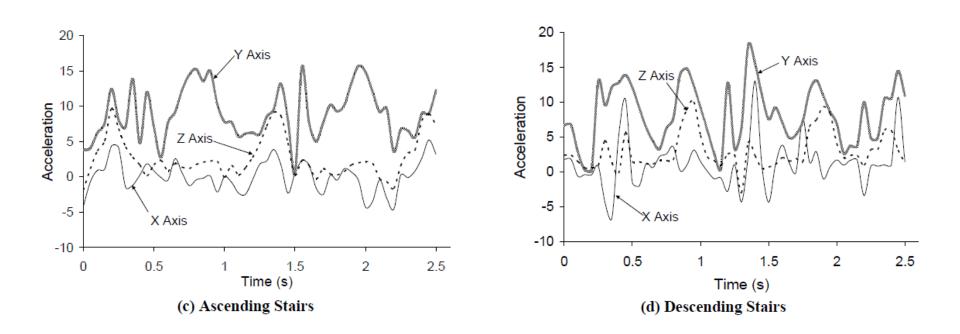






Example Accelerometer Data for Activities





Example Accelerometer Data for Activities

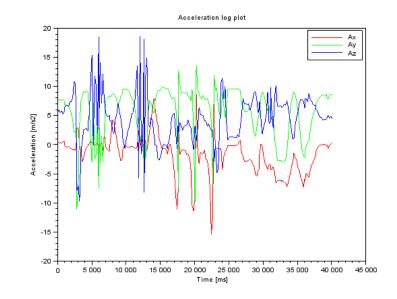


Applications of Activity Recognition

Recall: Activity Recognition



- **Goal:** Want our app to detect what activity the user is doing?
- **Classification task:** which of these 6 activities is user doing?
 - Walking,
 - Jogging,
 - Ascending stairs,
 - Descending stairs,
 - Sitting,
 - Standing



• Typically, use machine learning classifers to classify user's accelerometer signals

Applications of Activity Recognition (AR)

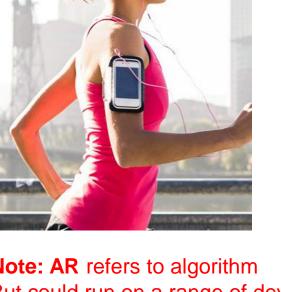
Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

• Fitness Tracking:

- Initially:
 - Physical activity type,
 - Distance travelled,
 - Calories burned

Newer features:

- Stairs climbed,
- Physical activity
 (duration + intensity)
- Activity type logging + context e.g. Ran 0.54 miles/hr faster during morning runs
- Sleep tracking
- Activity history





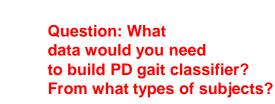


Note: AR refers to algorithm But could run on a range of devices (smartphones, wearables, e.g. fitbit)

Applications of Activity Recognition (AR)

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

- Health monitoring: How well is patient performing activity?
- Make clinical monitoring pervasive, continuous, real world!!
 - Gather context information (e.g. what makes condition worse/better?)
 - E.g. timed up and go test
- Show patient contexts that worsen condition => Change behavior
 - E.g. walking in narror hallways worsens gait freeze











Parkinsons disease Gait freezing

Applications of Activity Recognition

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

- Fall: Leading cause of death for seniors
- Fall detection: Smartphone/watch, wearable detects senior who has fallen, alert family
 - Text message, email, call relative



Fall detection + prediction



Applications of Activity Recognition (AR)

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

Context-Aware Behavior:

- In-meeting? => Phone switches to silent mode
- Exercising? => Play song from playlist, use larger font sizes for text
- Arrived at work? => download email
- Study found that messages delivered when transitioning between activities better received

• Adaptive Systems to Improve User Experience:

- Walking, running, riding bike? => Turn off Bluetooth, WiFi (save power)
- Can increase battery life up to 5x



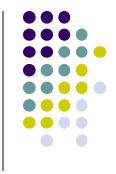
Applications of AR

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

• Smart home:

- Determine what activities people in the home are doing,
 - Why? infer illness, wellness, patterns, intrusion (security), etc
 - E.g. TV automatically turns on at about when you usually lie on the couch





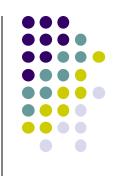
Applications of AR: 3rd Party Apps

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

• Targeted Advertising:

- AR helps deliver more relevant ads
- E.g user runs a lot => Get exercise clothing ads
- Goes to pizza places often + sits there => Get pizza ads



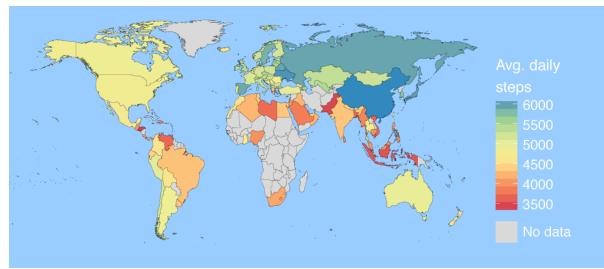


Applications of AR: 3rd Party Apps

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

Research Platforms for Data Collection:

- E.g. public health officials want to know how much time various people (e.g. students) spend sleeping, walking, exercising, etc
- Mobile AR: inexpensive, automated data collection
- E.g. Stanford Inequality project: Analyzed physical activity of 700k users in 111 countries using smartphone AR data
- http://activityinequality.stanford.edu/





Applications of AR: 3rd Party Apps

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

• Track, manage staff on-demand:

• E.g. at hospital, determine "availability of nurses", assign them to new jobs/patients/surgeries/cases





Applications of AR: Social Networking

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

Activity-Based Social Networking:

• Automatically connect users who do same activities + live close together





Applications of AR: Social Networking

Ref: Lockhart et al, Applications of Mobile Activity recognition

Activity-Based Place Tagging:

- Automatically "popular" places where users perform same activity
- E.g. Park street is popular for runners (activity-based maps)

Automatic Status updates:

- E.g. Bob is sleeping
- Tracy is jogging along Broadway with track team
- Privacy/security concerns => Different Levels of details for different friends





Activity Recognition Using Google API

Activity Recognition

- Activity Recognition? Detect what user is doing?
 - Part of user's context
- Examples: sitting, running, driving, walking
- Why? App can adapt it's behavior based on user behavior
- E.g. If user is driving, don't send notifications







Google Activity Recognition API

- API to detect smartphone user's current activity
- Programmable, can be used by your Android app
- Currently detects 8 states:
 - In vehicle
 - On Bicycle
 - On Foot
 - Running
 - Walking
 - Still
 - Tilting
 - Unknown



Google Activity Recognition API

• Deployed as part of Google Play Services

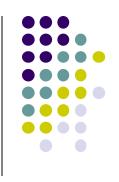




Activity Recognition Using AR API

Ref: How to Recognize User Activity with Activity Recognition by Paul Trebilcox-Ruiz on Tutsplus.com tutorials

- Example code for this tutorial on gitHub: https://github.com/tutsplus/Android-ActivityRecognition
- Google Activity Recognition can:
 - Recognize user's current activity (Running, walking, in a vehicle or still)
- Project Setup:
 - Create Android Studio project with blank Activity (minimum SDK 14)
 - In **build.gradle** file, define latest Google Play services (now 11.8) as dependency



Activity Recognition Using AR API

Ref: How to Recognize User Activity with Activity Recognition by Paul Trebilcox-Ruiz on Tutsplus.com tutorials

- Create new class ActivityRecognizedService which extends IntentService
- IntentService: type of service, asynchronously handles work off main thread
- Throughout user's day, Activity Recognition API sends user's activity to this IntentService in the background
- Need to program this Intent to handle incoming user activity

```
public class ActivityRecognizedService extends IntentService {
01
02
         public ActivityRecognizedService() {
03
             super("ActivityRecognizedService");
04
05
         }
06
         public ActivityRecognizedService(String name) {
07
             super(name);
08
09
10
11
                                                                          Called by Android OS
         protected void onHandleIntent(Intent intent)
12
                                                                          to deliver
13
                                                                          User's activity
14
```



Activity Recognition Using AR API

Ref: How to Recognize User Activity with Activity Recognition by Paul Trebilcox-Ruiz on Tutsplus.com tutorials

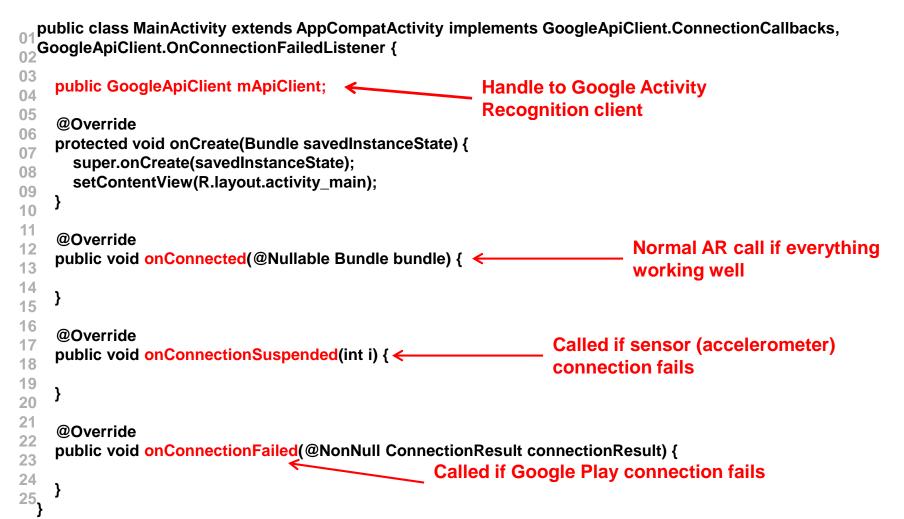
- Modify AndroidManifest.xml to
 - Declare ActivityRecognizedService
 - Add com.google.android.gms.permission.ACTIVITY_RECOGNITION permission

```
01<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
02<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.tutsplus.activityrecognition">
03
04
05
    <uses-permission android:name="com.google.android.gms.permission.ACTIVITY_RECOGNITION" />
06
07
    <application
      android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
08
      android:label="@string/app name"
09
10
      android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
11
      <activity android:name=".MainActivity">
12
         <intent-filter>
           <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
13
14
15
           <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
16
         </intent-filter>
17
      </activity>
18
      <service android:name=".ActivityRecognizedService" />
19
20
    </application>
21
22</manifest>
```



Requesting Activity Recognition

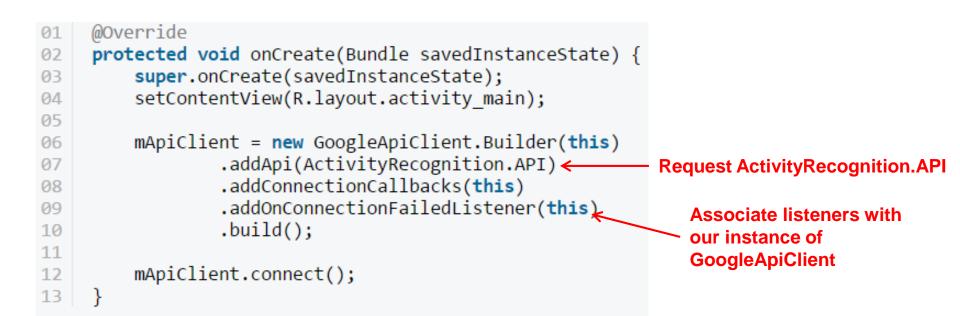
- In MainActivity.java, To connect to Google Play Services:
 - Provide GoogleApiClient variable type + implement callbacks





Requesting Activity Recognition

• In onCreate, initialize client and connect to Google Play Services





Handling Activity Recognition

Simply log each detected activity and display how confident Google
 Play services is that user is performing this activity

```
private void handleDetectedActivities(List<DetectedActivity> probableActivities) {
  for( DetectedActivity activity : probableActivities ) {
    switch( activity.getType() ) { 
                                                                                  Switch statement on
      case DetectedActivity.IN_VEHICLE: {
                                                                                  activity type
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "In Vehicle: " + activity.getConfidence() );
         break;
       }
      case DetectedActivity.ON_BICYCLE: {
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "On Bicycle: " + activity.getConfidence() );
         break;
       }
      case DetectedActivity.ON_FOOT: {
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "On Foot: " + activity.getConfidence() );
         break;
       }
      case DetectedActivity.RUNNING: {
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "Running: " + activity.getConfidence() );
         break:
                                                                                              Sample output
       }
      case DetectedActivity.STILL: {
                                                                                  E/ActivityRecogition: On Foot: 92
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "Still: " + activity.getConfidence() );
                                                                                  E/ActivityRecogition: Running: 87
                                                                              2
                                                                                  E/ActivityRecogition: On Bicycle: 8
         break:
                                                                              3
                                                                                  E/ActivityRecogition: Walking: 5
                                                                              4
       }
      case DetectedActivity.TILTING: {
         Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "Tilting: " + activity.getConfidence() );
         break:
```

Handling Activity Recognition

- If confidence is > 75, activity detection is probably accurate
- If user is walking, ask "Are you walking?"

```
case DetectedActivity.WALKING: {
  Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "Walking: " + activity.getConfidence() );
  if( activity.getConfidence() >= 75 ) {
    NotificationCompat.Builder builder = new NotificationCompat.Builder(this);
    builder.setContentText( "Are you walking?" );
    builder.setSmalllcon( R.mipmap.ic_launcher );
    builder.setContentTitle( getString( R.string.app_name ) );
    NotificationManagerCompat.from(this).notify(0, builder.build());
    }
    break;
}
case DetectedActivity.UNKNOWN: {
    Log.e( "ActivityRecogition", "Unknown: " + activity.getConfidence() );
    break;
}
```



Sample Output of Program

- Sample displayed on development console
 - 1 E/ActivityRecogition: On Foot: 92
 - 2 E/ActivityRecogition: Running: 87
 - 3 E/ActivityRecogition: On Bicycle: 8
 - 4 E/ActivityRecogition: Walking: 5



• Full code at: https://github.com/tutsplus/Android-ActivityRecognition





Android Awareness API

Awareness API

https://developers.google.com/awareness/overview



- Single Android API for context awareness released in 2016
- Combines some APIs already covered (Place, Activity, Location)

Context type	Example
Time	Current local time
Location	Latitude and longitude
Place	Place, including place type
Activity	Detected user activity (walking, running, biking)
Beacons	Nearby beacons matching the specified namespace
Headphones	Are headphones plugged in?
Weather	Current weather conditions

Awareness API

• Snapshot API:

- Return cached values (Nearby Places, weather, Activity, etc)
- System caches values
- Optimized for battery and power consumption

• Fences API:

- Used to set conditions to trigger events
- E.g. if(user enters a geoFence & Activity = running) notify my app
- Good tutorials for Awareness API:
 - <u>Google Play Services: Awareness API by Paul Trebilcox-Ruiz</u>
 https://code.tutsplus.com/tutorials/google-play-services-awareness-api--cms-25858
 - Exploring the Awareness API by Joe Birch

https://medium.com/exploring-android/exploring-the-new-google-awareness-api-bf45f8060bba





Quiz 3

Quiz 3

- Quiz in class next Thursday (before class Oct 10)
- Short answer questions
- Try to focus on understanding, not memorization
- Covers:
 - Lecture slides for lectures 5a,5b,6a, 6b
 - 1 code example from book
 - **HFAD examples:** Odometer (Distance Travelled), Ch 13. pg 541
 - All APIs mentioned so far (sensors, Activity Recognition, maps, location sensing, etc)



References



- Android Sensors Overview, http://developer.android.com/ guide/topics/sensors/sensors_overview.html
- Busy Coder's guide to Android version 6.3
- CS 65/165 slides, Dartmouth College, Spring 2014
- CS 371M slides, U of Texas Austin, Spring 2014