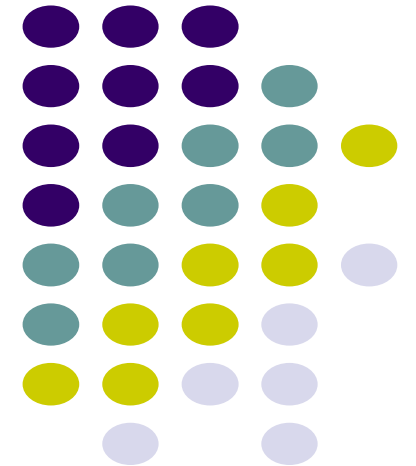
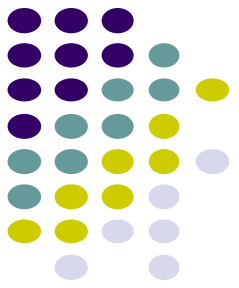


Mobile and Ubiquitous Computing on Smartphones

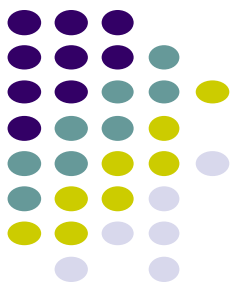
Lecture 6a: Mobile and Location-Aware Computing

Emmanuel Agu





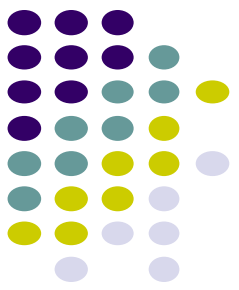
Locations in Android: Some Updates



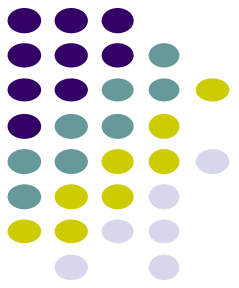
Location

- My slides: Covered `Android.location`:
 - As I mentioned, Google would prefer you NOT use this way to access location
 - But used by most books, available code
- Preferred way: Google Location Services API. Can retrieve
 - Geographical location (latitude, longitude)
 - location updates at regular intervals using `requestLocationUpdates()`
- Can also retrieve location object using fused location provider
 - Contains bearing (direction of horizontal travel), altitude, velocity

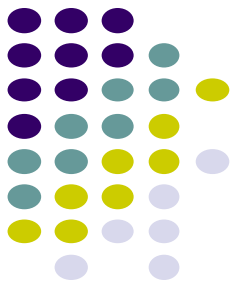
Location



- Official Google documentation for Google Location Services API looks good, adequate
 - Overview: <https://developer.android.com/training/location>
 - Request location permissions: <https://developer.android.com/training/location/permissions>
 - Get last known location: <https://developer.android.com/training/location/retrieve-current>
 - Change location settings (e.g. GPS vs WiFi):
<https://developer.android.com/training/location/change-location-settings>
 - Request location updates: <https://developer.android.com/training/location/request-updates>
 - Access location in background: <https://developer.android.com/training/location/background>



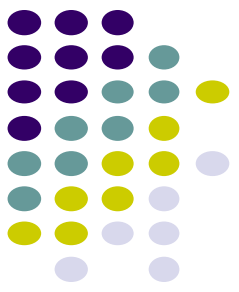
GeoFencing in Android: Some Updates



GeoFencing: Old Way

- **Old way: GeofencingApi** deprecated
- Code sample in Android studio implements old way unfortunately
- **GeofencingApi** typically used in conjunction with a `GoogleApiClient`

```
new GoogleApiClient.Builder(context)
    .addApi(LocationServices.API)
    .addConnectionCallbacks(this)
    .addOnConnectionFailedListener(this)
    .build()
```



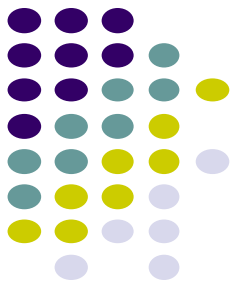
GeoFencing: New Way

- New way: GeofencingClient
- Create, start monitoring geoFences
 - Need to create instance of **GeofencingClient**
- Specify GeoFences using:
 - GeofencingRequest
 - GeofencingRequestBuilder
- Create broadcast receiver to be notified of geofence transitions
- Add geofences using `GeofencingClient.addGeofences()`
- Remove geofences using `geofencingClient.removeGeofences()`

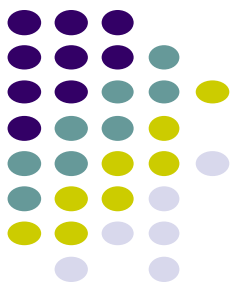
GeoFencing



- Official Google documentation
 - <https://developer.android.com/training/location/geofencing>
 - <https://developers.google.com/location-context/geofencing>
- Good reference articles with good examples, gentle walkthrough:
 - <https://techpaliyal.com/android-geofencing/>

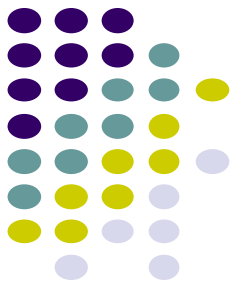


MediaPlayer in Android: Minor Updates

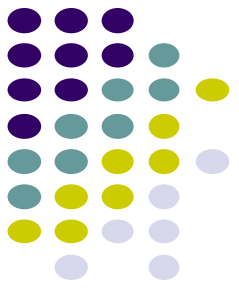


MediaPlayer

- Main API (MediaPlayer) is same
- Slight changes in some methods. Needs to be updated.
 - E.g Now set audio attributes using `mediaPlayer.setAudioAttributes(..)`
 - Also material on WakeLocks (Power savings), etc
- Official Google documentation (looks good), adequate documentation:
 - <https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/media/mediaplayer>

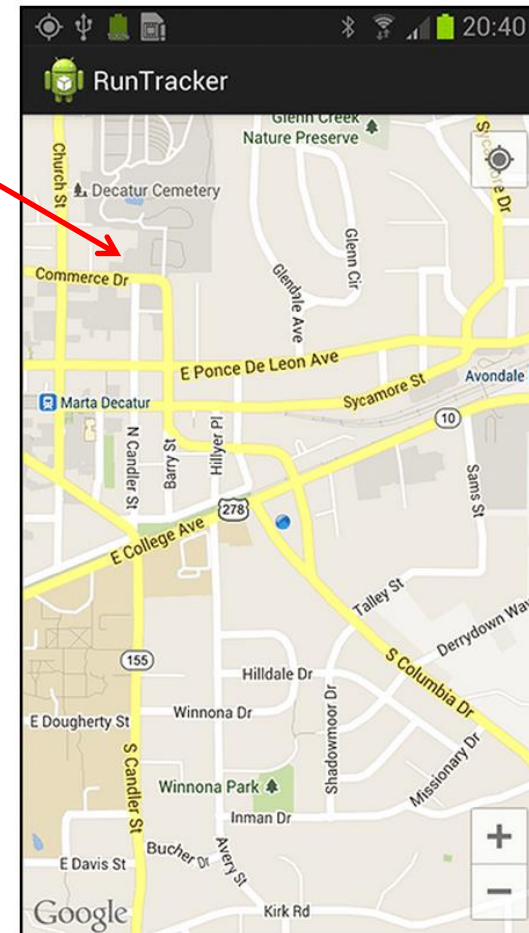


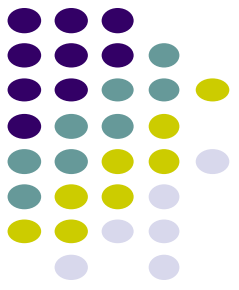
Using Maps



MapView and MapActivity

- **MapView:** UI widget that displays maps
- **MapActivity:** java class (extends Activity), handles map-related lifecycle and management for displaying maps.





7 Steps for using Google Maps Android API

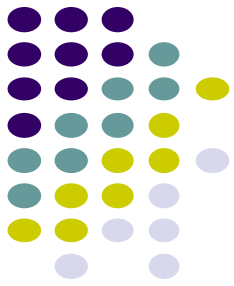
<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

1. Install Android SDK (Done!!)
 - <https://developer.android.com/studio/index.html>
2. Add Google Play services to Android Studio
3. Create a Google Maps project
4. Obtain Google Maps API key
5. Hello Map! Take a look at the code
6. Connect an Android device
7. Build and run your app

Step 2: Add Google Play Services to Android Studio

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

- Google Maps API v2 is part of Google Play Services SDK
- Use Android Studio SDK manager to download Google Play services



Open SDK Manager
Click on SDK Tools

Check Google Play Services, then Ok

Default Settings

Appearance & Behavior > System Settings > Android SDK

Manager for the Android SDK and Tools used by Android Studio

Android SDK Location: C:\Users\emmanuel\AppData\Local\Android\Sdk Edit

SDK Platforms SDK Tools SDK Update Sites

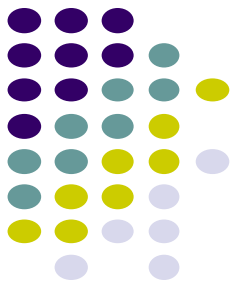
Below are the available SDK developer tools. Once installed, Android Studio will automatically check for updates. Check "show package details" to display available versions of an SDK Tool.

Name	Version	Status
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Android SDK Build-Tools		Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> CMake		Not Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> LLDB		Not Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Android Auto API Simulators	1	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Android Auto Desktop Head Unit Emulator	1.1	Not installed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Android SDK Platform-Tools 25.0.3	25.0.3	Installed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Android SDK Tools 25.2.5	25.2.5	Installed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Documentation for Android SDK	1	Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> GPU Debugging tools	1.0.3	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> GPU Debugging tools	3.1.0	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Google Play APK Expansion library	1	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Google Play Billing Library	5	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Google Play Licensing Library	1	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Google Play services	38	Not installed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Google USB Driver	11	Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Google Web Driver	2	Not installed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intel x86 Emulator Accelerator (HAXM installer)	6.0.5	Installed
<input type="checkbox"/> NDK	13.1.3345770	Not installed
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Repository		
<input type="checkbox"/> ConstraintLayout for Android		Not Installed

Show Package Details

Launch Standalone SDK Manager

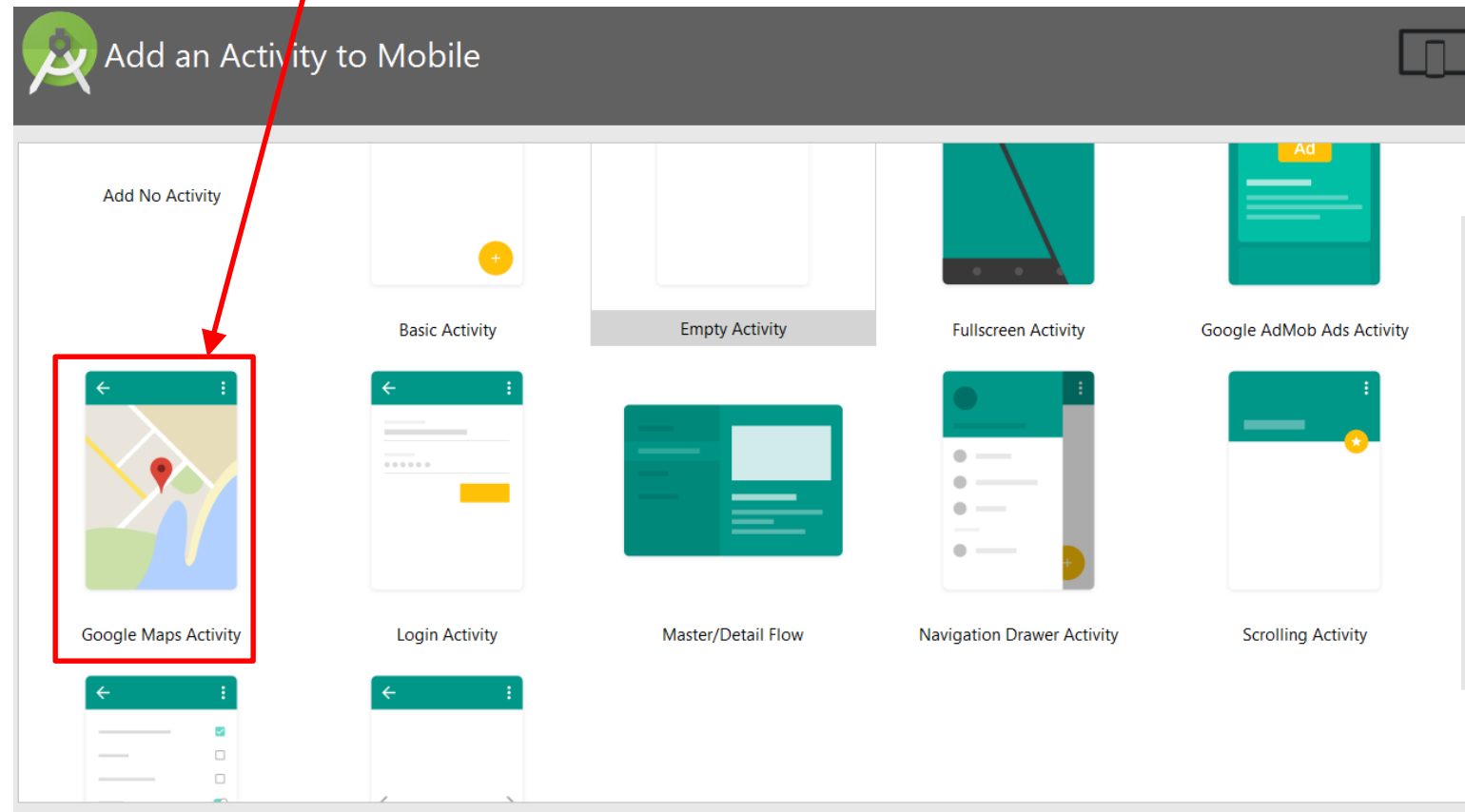
OK Cancel Apply Help

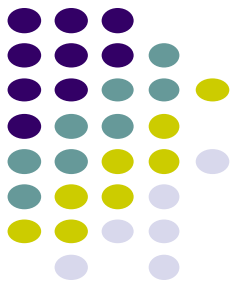


Step 3: Create new Android Studio Project

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

- Select “Google Maps Activity, click Finish





Step 4: Get Google Maps API key

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

- To access Google Maps servers using Maps API, must add Maps API key to app
- Maps API key is free. E.g.

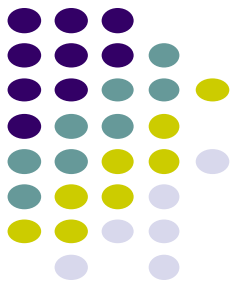
Your API key
AIZAaSyCc0_1EEjP11TLnPkVsX10YIY7oBa9XsXs 

- Google uses API key to uniquely identify your app, track its resource usage, etc

Step 4a: Fast, Easy way to get Maps API Key

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

- Copy link provided in **google_maps_api.xml** of Maps template into browser
- Goes to Google API console, auto-fills form
- Creates API key



Register your application for Google Maps Android API in Google API Console

Google API Console allows you to manage your application and monitor API usage.

You have no existing projects. A new project named "My Project" will be created.

Please email me updates regarding feature announcements, performance suggestions, feedback surveys and special offers.

Yes No

I agree that my use of any [services and related APIs](#) is subject to my compliance with the applicable [Terms of Service](#).

Yes No

Agree and continue

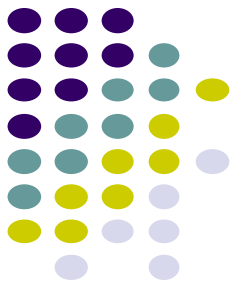
The API is enabled

The project has been created and Google Maps Android API has been enabled.

Next, you'll need to create an API key in order to call the API.



Create API key



Step 4a: Fast, Easy way to get Maps API Key

<https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/start>

- If successful, Maps API key generated

API key created

Use this key in your application by passing it with the `key=API_KEY` parameter.

Your API key

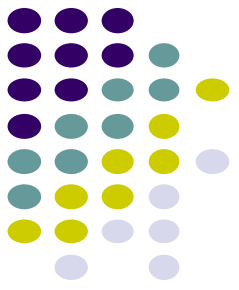
`AIzaSyCc0_1EEjP11TLnPkVsX10YIY7oBa9XsXs`

⚠️ Restrict your key to prevent unauthorized use in production.

[CLOSE](#) [RESTRICT KEY](#)

- Copy key, put it in `<string>` element in `google_maps_api.xml` file

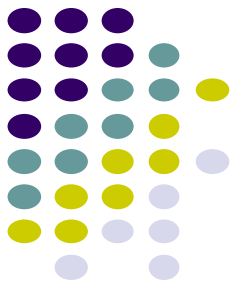
```
<string name="google_maps_key" templateMergeStrategy="preserve" translatable="false">AIzaSyCc0_1EEjP11TLnPkVsX10YIY7oBa9XsXs</string>
```



Step 4b: Longer (older) way to API key

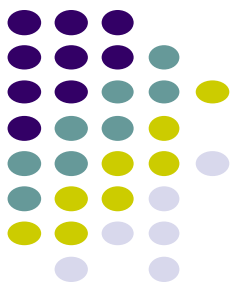
- If easy way doesn't work, older way to obtain a Maps API key
- Follow steps at:
 - See: <https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-api/signup>

Step 5: Examine Code Generated by Android Studio Maps Template



- XML file that defines layout is in **res/layout/activity_maps.xml**

```
<fragment xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:id="@+id/map"
  tools:context=".MapsActivity"
  android:name="com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment" />
```



Step 5: Examine Code Generated by Android Studio Maps Template

- Default Activity file is **MapActivity.java**

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.support.v4.app.FragmentActivity;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.CameraUpdateFactory;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.GoogleMap;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.OnMapReadyCallback;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.model.LatLng;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.model.MarkerOptions;

public class MapsActivity extends FragmentActivity implements OnMapReadyCallback {

    private GoogleMap mMap;

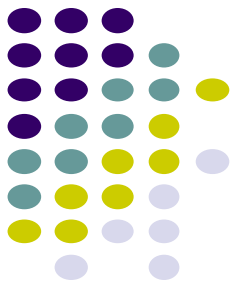
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_maps);
        SupportMapFragment mapFragment = (SupportMapFragment) getSupportFragmentManager()
            .findFragmentById(R.id.map);
        mapFragment.getMapAsync(this);
    }

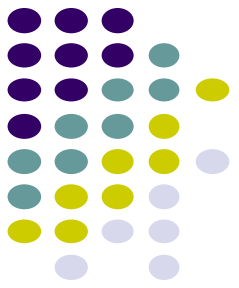
    @Override
    public void onMapReady(GoogleMap googleMap) {
        mMap = googleMap;

        // Add a marker in Sydney, Australia, and move the camera.
        LatLng sydney = new LatLng(-34, 151);
        mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(sydney).title("Marker in Sydney"));
        mMap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLng(sydney));
    }
}
```

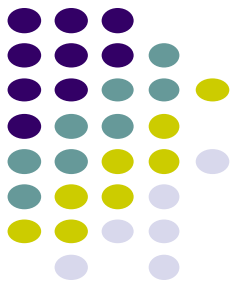
Steps 6, 7

- **Step 6:** Connect to an Android device (smartphone)
- **Step 7:** Run the app
 - Should show map with a marker on Sydney Australia
- More code examples at:
 - <https://github.com/googlemaps/android-samples>



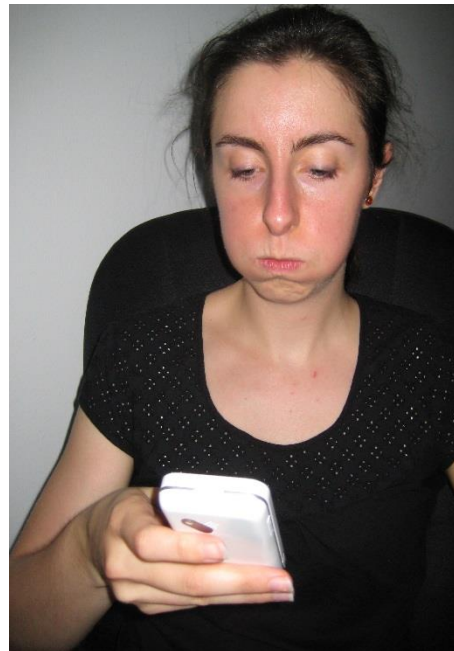


AsyncTask API

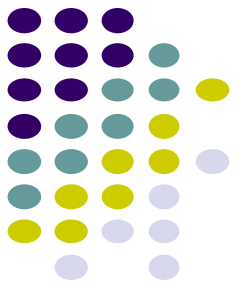


AsyncTask API

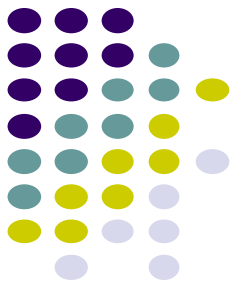
- For compute intensive tasks, remote or tasks that take a long time, doing it in main activity blocks
- **AsyncTask**: spawn separate thread to offload such task, free up main Activity



One thread
=
Frustrated user !



What other Android APIs may be useful for Mobile/ubicomputing?

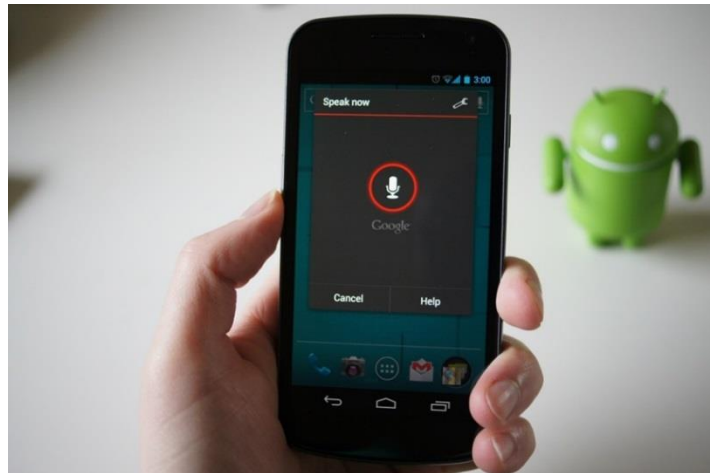


Speaking to Android

<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/speech/SpeechRecognizer.html>

<https://developers.google.com/voice-actions/>

- **Speech recognition:**
 - Accept inputs as speech (instead of typing) e.g. dragon dictate app?
 - Note: Requires internet access
- Two forms
 1. **Speech-to-text**
 - Convert user's speech to text. E.g. display voicemails in text
 2. **Voice Actions:** Voice commands to smartphone (e.g. set alarm)

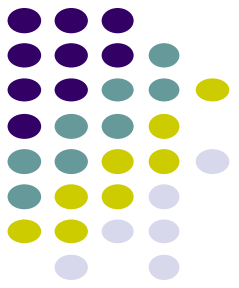


Speech
to text

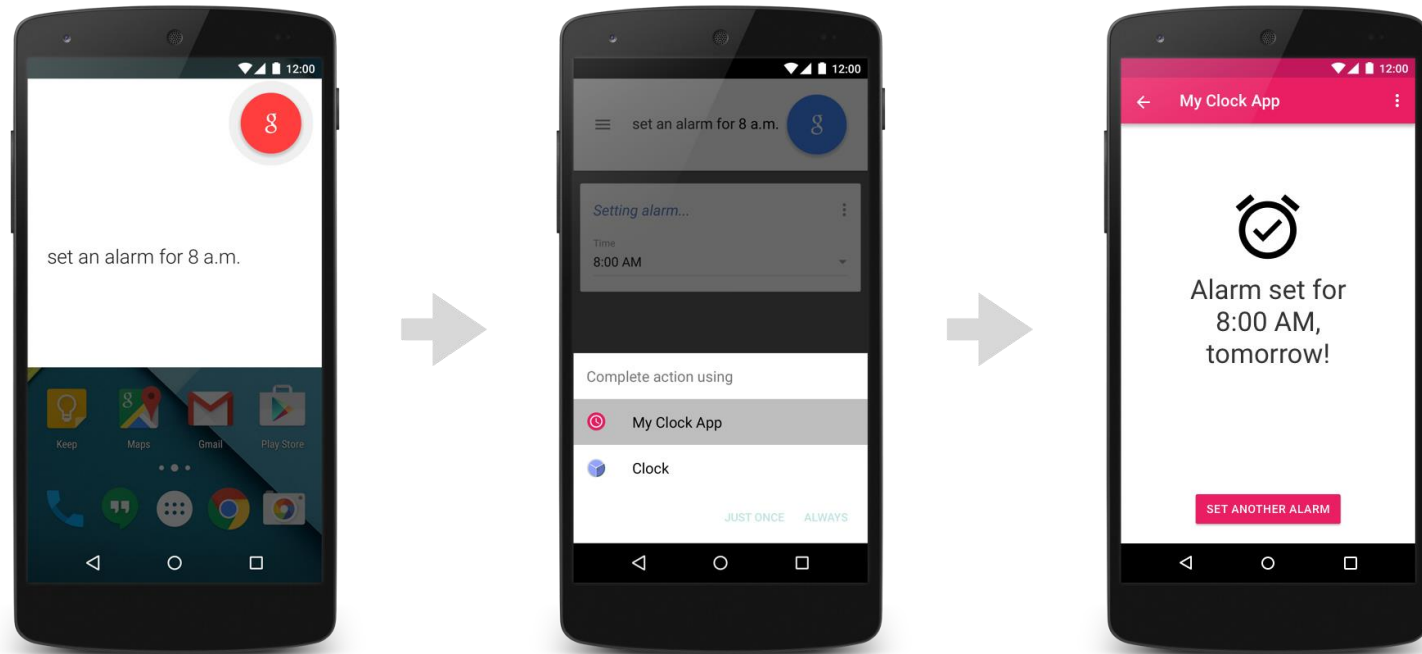


Google Voice Actions

<https://developers.google.com/voice-actions/>



- E.g. Tell Google to set an alarm

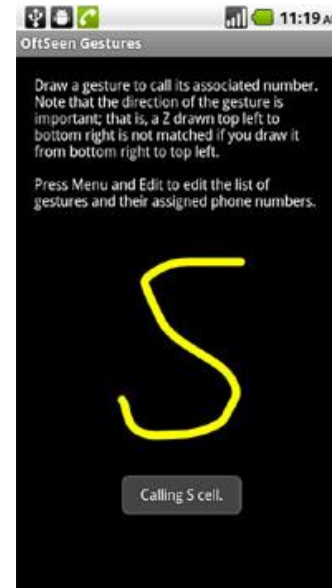
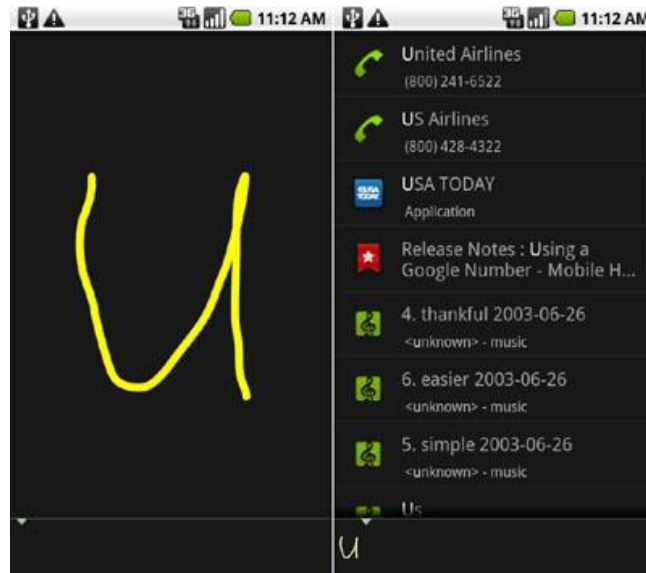
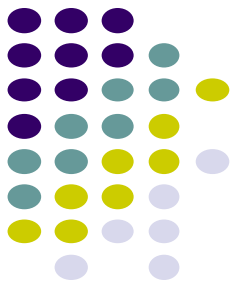


Gestures

<https://developer.android.com/training/gestures/index.html>

<http://www.computerworld.com/article/2469024/web-apps/android-gestures--3-cool-ways-to-control-your-phone.html>

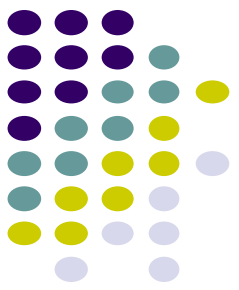
- **Gesture:** Hand-drawn shape on the screen, swipe pattern
- Example uses:
 - Search your phone, contacts, etc by handwriting onto screen
 - Speed dial by handwriting first letters of contact's name
 - Multi-touch, pinching



More MediaPlayer & RenderScript

<http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/renderscript/compute.html>

<https://developer.android.com/reference/android/media/MediaRecorder>

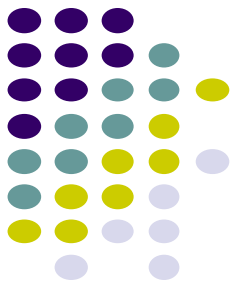


- MediaPlayer is used to **record** audio
 - Manipulate raw audio from microphone/audio hardware, PCM buffers
 - E.g. if you want to do audio signal processing, speaker recognition, etc
 - **Example:** process user's speech, detect emotion, nervousness?
 - Can playback recorded audio using MediaPlayer
- **RenderScript**
 - High level language for computationally intensive tasks/GPGPU,
 - Can be used to program phone CPU, GPU in a few lines of code
 - Use Phone's Graphics Processing Unit (GPU) for computational tasks
 - Useful for heavy duty tasks. E.g. image processing, computational photography, computer vision

Wireless Communication

<http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/connectivity/bluetooth.html>

<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/net/wifi/package-summary.html>



- Bluetooth

- Discover, connect to nearby bluetooth devices
- Communicating over Bluetooth
- Exchange data with other devices
- Killer app now: COVID contact tracing,
Too Close for Too Long (< 6 ft for > 15 mins)

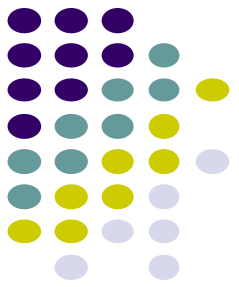
- WiFi

- Scan for WiFi hotspots
- Monitor WiFi connectivity, Signal Strength (RSSI)
- Do peer-to-peer (mobile device to mobile device) data transfers



Wireless Communication

<http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/connectivity/nfc/index.html>



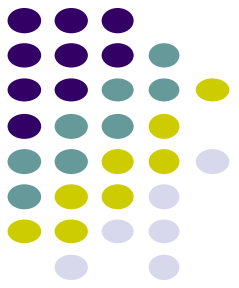
- **NFC:**
 - Contactless, transfer small amounts of data over short distances
 - **Applications:** Share spotify playlists, Google wallet
 - **Android Pay**
 - Store debit, credit card on phone
 - Pay by tapping terminal



Telephony and SMS

<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/telephony/package-summary.html>

<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/telephony/SmsManager.html>



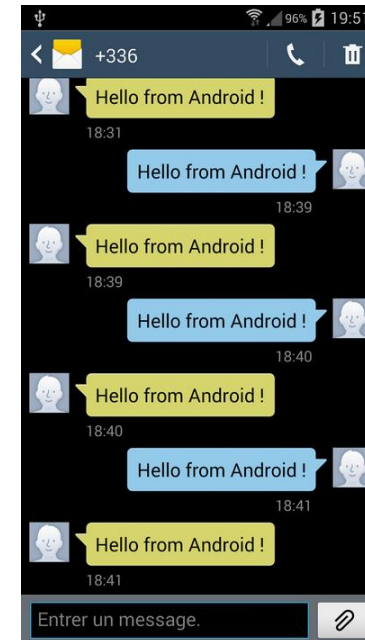
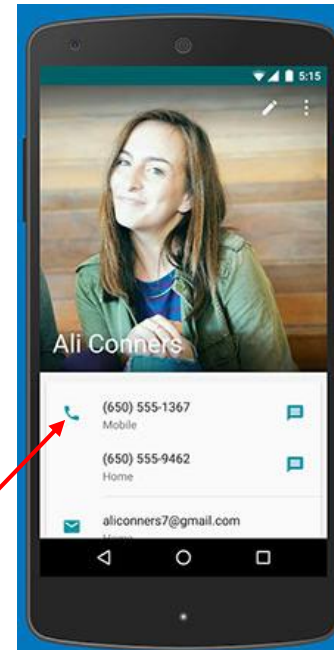
- **Telephony:**

- Initiate phone calls from within app
- Access dialer app, etc

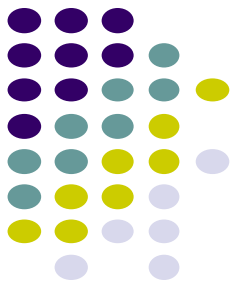
- **SMS:**

- Send/Receive SMS/MMS from app
- Handle incoming SMS/MMS in app

Dialer



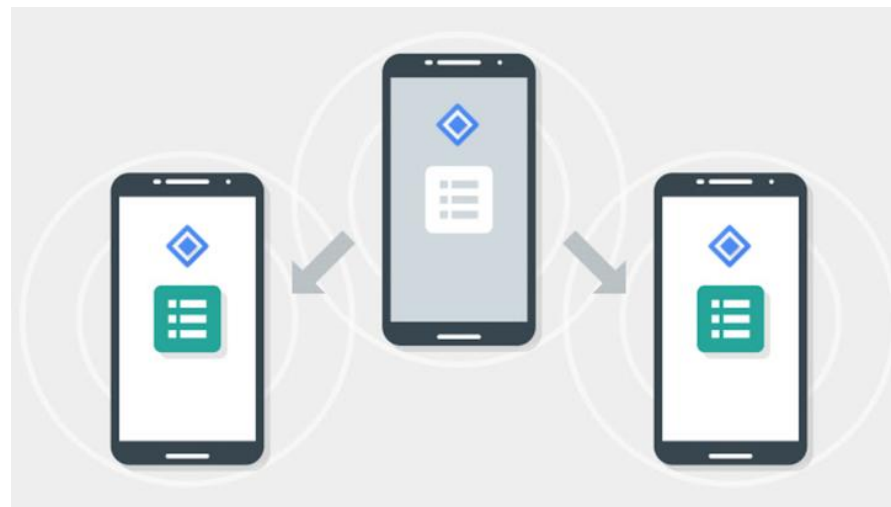
SMS

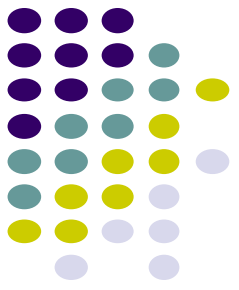


Google Play Services: Nearby Connections API

<https://developers.google.com/nearby/connections/overview>

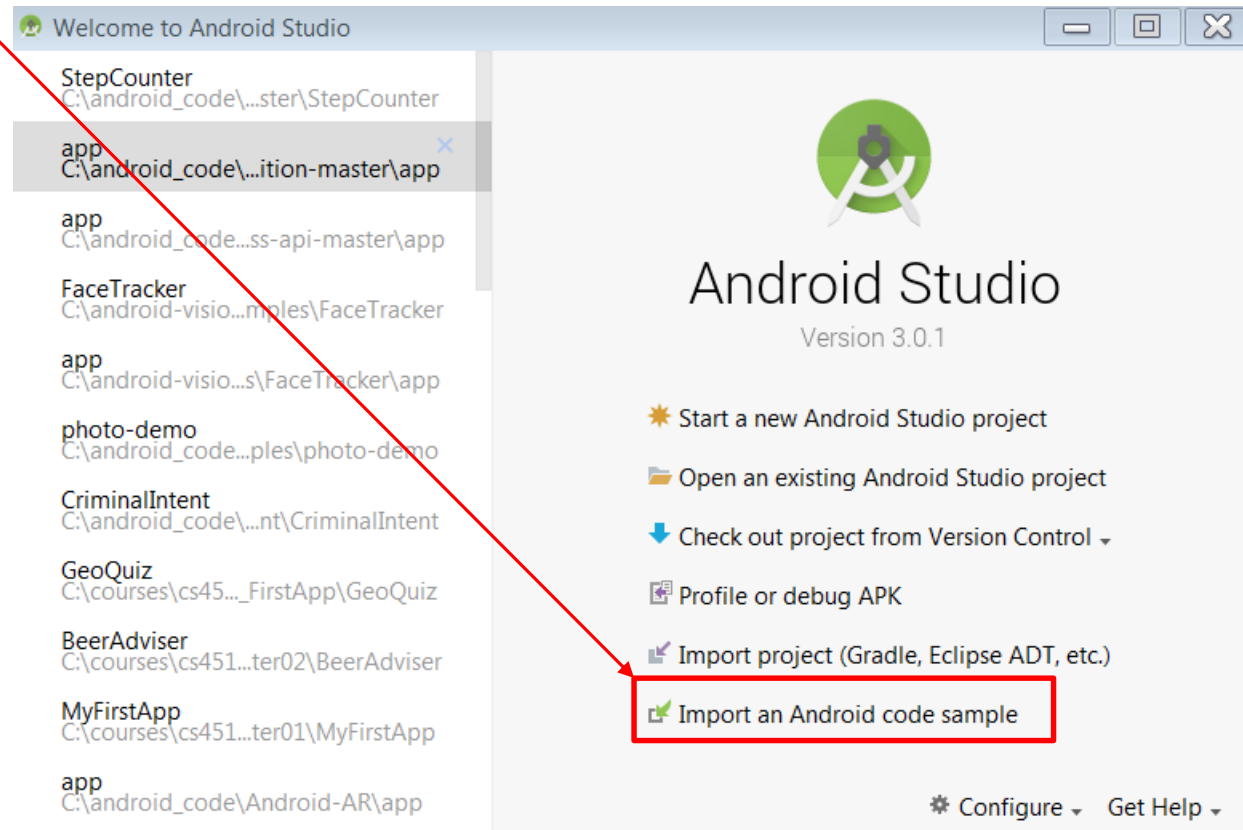
- Peer-to-peer networking API, allows devices communicate over a LAN
- One device serves as host, advertises
- Other devices can discover host, connect, disconnect
- **Use case:** Multiplayer gaming, shared virtual whiteboard

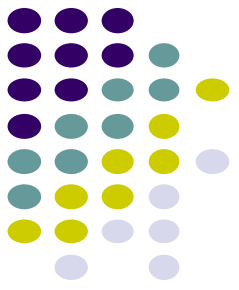




Google Android Samples

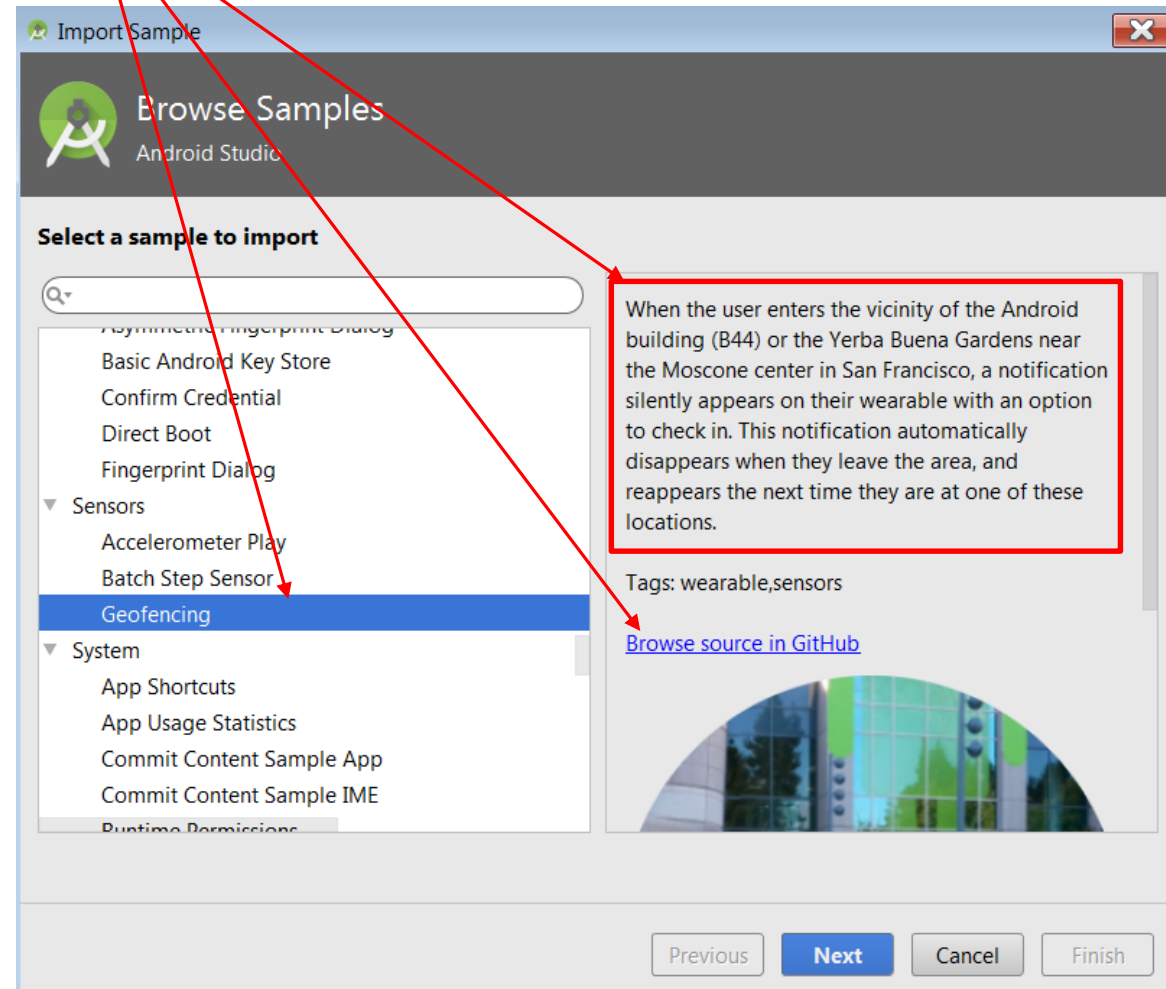
- Android Studio comes with many sample programs
- Just need to import them





Google Android Samples

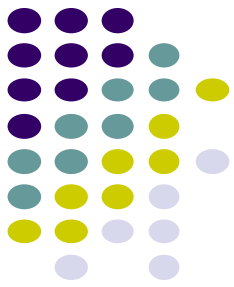
- Can click on any sample, read overview
- Source code available on github
- Tested, already working
- **Note:** Some code may use deprecated APIs



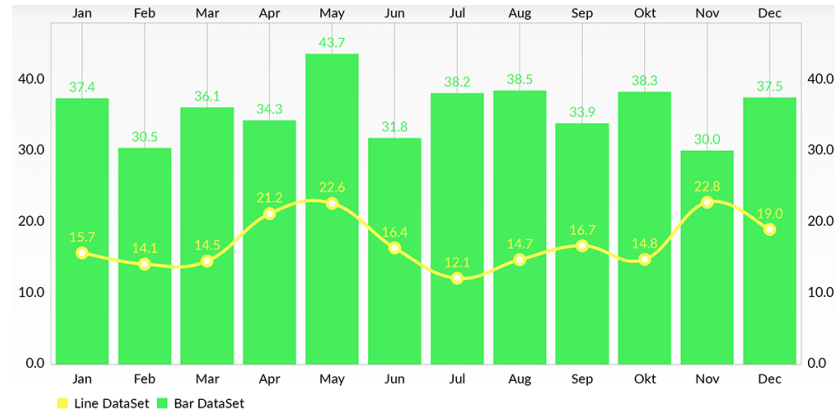
Other 3rd Party Stuff

http://web.cs.wpi.edu/~emmanuel/courses/ubicomp_projects_links.html

<https://developer.qualcomm.com/software/trepn-power-profiler>



- **MPAndroid:** Add charts to your app



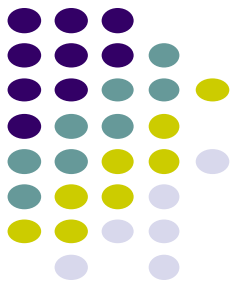
- **Trepn:** Profile power usage and utilization of your app (CPU, GPU, WiFi, etc)

- By Qualcomm

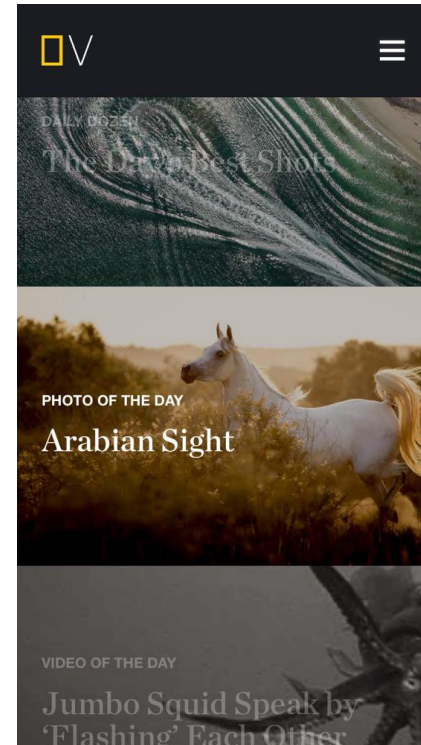


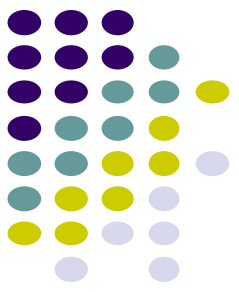
Other 3rd Party Stuff

http://web.cs.wpi.edu/~emmanuel/courses/ubicomp_projects_links.html



- **Programmable Web APIs:** 3rd party web content (e.g RESTful APIs) you can pull into your app with few lines of code
 - **Weather:** Weather channel, yahoo weather
 - **Shared interests:** Pinterest
 - **Events:** Evently, Eventful, Events.com
 - **Photos:** flickr, Tumblr
 - **Videos:** Youtube
 - **Traffic info:** Mapquest traffic, Yahoo traffic
- **E.g. National Geographic:** picture of the day





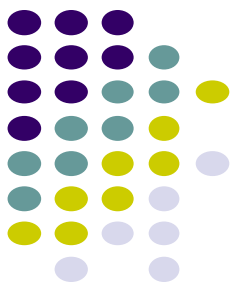
More Android APIs for Mobile Computing

- Depth Sensing: Project Tango (Dead? Delete?)
- MPAndroid: 3rd party charts
- Trepn: Measure resource consumption (power, CPU, GPU, etc)
- Programmable Web APIs: E.g. National Geographic API, new picture in your app daily
- Augmented Reality: ARtoolkit, vuforia, EasyAR
- Mobile Commerce:
 - Android Pay
 - Analytics
 - Advertising: E.g. Adwords, Admobs
- Other Google APIs (that could be used by mobile devices):
 - Google Fit: Health and fitness, nutrition, steps, etc
 - Google Cast: allows screen-sharing



More Android APIs for Mobile Computing

- Mobile Communication:
 - Wireless Communication: Bluetooth, WiFi, NFC, etc
 - Telephone/SMS
 - Nearby Connections API
- Mobile Cloud:
 - Google Drive API, Google cloud, etc
- Mobile computation:
 - Renderscript: Easy computational programming (smartphone GPU, CPU)



Other Mobile Technology

- Mobile programming/development:
 - Kotlin
 - iPhone development
 - 3rd part libraries, app frameworks: Xamarin, flutter, ionic, etc
 - Mobile web programming
 - PhoneGap
 - AppInventor
 - Mobile game development tools: Unity,
- Machine/Deep Learning:
 - Deep Learning/machine learning in Android: Tensorflow, etc
 - Mobile machine/deep learning support in MATLAB
 - Keras support for Android Deep learning
 - Neural Networks API (NNAPI)



References

- John Corpuz, 10 Best Location Aware Apps
- Liane Cassavoy, 21 Awesome GPS and Location-Aware Apps for Android,
- Head First Android
- Android Nerd Ranch, 2nd edition
- Busy Coder's guide to Android version 6.3
- CS 65/165 slides, Dartmouth College, Spring 2014
- CS 371M slides, U of Texas Austin, Spring 2014