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# Lindeman's Lectures: The Game Development Process

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## What to Expect

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- These lectures are mainly about the process of successfully bringing a game from idea to delivery
  - Major "players" in the process
  - Steps in the development lifecycle
  - What makes a good (and bad!) game
- Presupposed background
  - Not much!

# Instructor Background

## *(Who Am I?)*

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- Dr. **Robert Lindeman** (Prof, "Rob")
  - Associate Professor of **Computer Science**
    - Computer Graphics
    - Human-Computer Interaction
    - Technical Game Development
- Research interests
  - Effective, Multi-Sensory Virtual Reality, Teleoperation
- Like to play
  - 3D Action/Platformers (Onimusha, Oni, Lego Star Wars)
  - Racing games (Need for Speed)
  - Geocaching
    - GPS-based treasure hunting in the real world
    - <http://www.geocaching.com/>

## Student Background (*Who Are You?*)

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1. School (grad or undergrad)
2. Year (first, second, ...)
3. Major (Biology, CS, ...)
4. Programming: (none) 1 to 5 (master)
  - Language? → Java, C++, Flash...
5. Gamer: (casual) 1 to 5 (hard-core)
6. Number of Games Built (zero is ok!)
7. Other ...
8. Email this to me today! ([gogo@wpi.edu](mailto:gogo@wpi.edu))

## Course Materials

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- [http://www.cs.wpi.edu/~gogo/courses/osaka\\_2013/](http://www.cs.wpi.edu/~gogo/courses/osaka_2013/)
- Slides
  - On the Web (ppt and pdf)
- Timeline
  - Planning
- Project write-ups
- Resources
  - Game creation toolkits, documentation, etc.
- Email: [gogo@wpi.edu](mailto:gogo@wpi.edu)

## Projects

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- 4 projects
- Project 1: Making Games in Ren'Py
  - Done solo
- Groups! (2 is good)
- Project 2: Game Inception and Design
- Project 3: Make the Game
- Project 4: Play Testing
  - Done solo
  - Play and evaluate each other's games

## Overall Lecture Topics

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- Industry
- Game Design
- Artistic Content Creation
- Programming

Before We Proceed ...

Any Questions?



# What Do You Think Goes Into Developing Games?

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- Consider a video game you want to build (or, one you like that has been built)
- Assume you are inspired (or forced or paid) to engineer the game
- Take 3-4 minutes to write a list of the tasks required
  - Chronological or hierarchical, as you wish
- What do we have?

# Project 1 Details

# Ren'Py Demo



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# The Game Development Process: The Game Industry

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## Hit-Driven Entertainment

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- Games are emotional, escapist, fantasy-fulfilling, stimulating entertainment
- Causes of success or failure are often intangible (but quality matters a lot)
  - Consumers are smart
- Hits come from individuals with skill, instinct, creativity, and experience (and some luck), *not* from marketing

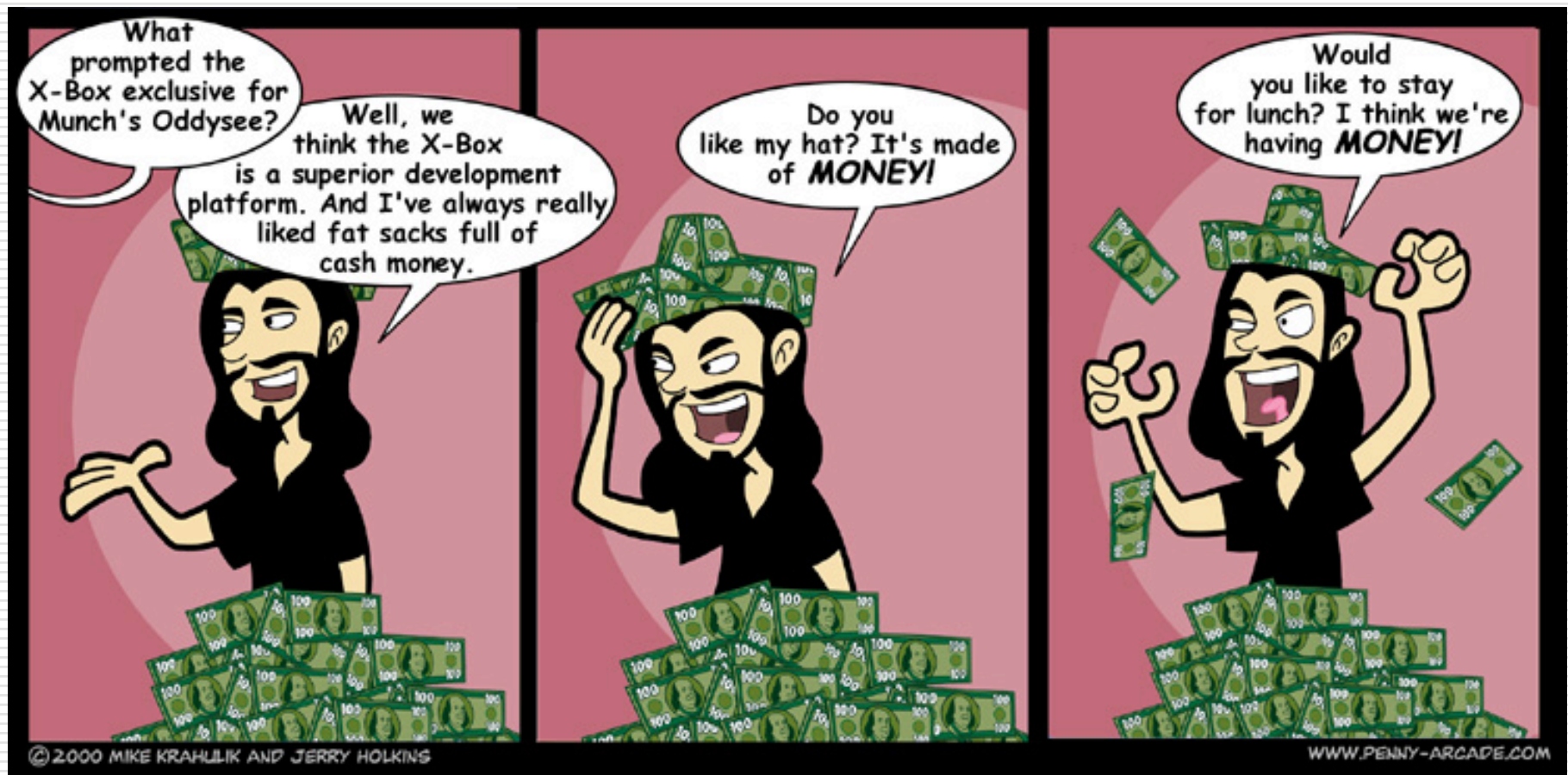
## Big Business!

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- ❑ Estimated \$50Billion/year
- ❑ About the same as movie industry
- ❑ Music industry: \$65B (2009)
- ❑ Pet food: \$45B (2009)
- ❑ Game industry: Estimated \$65B by 2014

## How the game industry works:

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## Roles

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- ❑ Developers
- ❑ Publishers
- ❑ Platform Holders
- ❑ Distributors
- ❑ Retailers
- ❑ Middleware/Service Providers
- ❑ Press and Academia



## Developers

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- The people who actually build games
- Content design, creation, assembly
  - Game design, story, dialog, engineering, music, SFX, docs
- Size varies (one person to hundreds)
- Some are part of a publisher or *platform holder*
- Some are independent
- Examples?

## Publishers

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- The people who bring games to market
  - Supervise marketing, manufacturing, distribution, public relations (PR), support
  - May also handle project management, quality assurance (QA) and licensing
- Usually assume most of the risk and reap most of the rewards
- Many specialize in particular market segments (sports, MMORPGs, etc)
- Examples?

# Publisher Relationship with Developers

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- ❑ Star developers can bully publishers, because publishers desperate for good content
- ❑ Most developers are bullied by publishers, because developers are desperate for money
- ❑ Publishing swings from big to small and back depending on the market
- ❑ Most also have in-house developers

## Platform Holders

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- The people who make and sell gaming hardware (Examples?)
- Most are also publishers, developers and digital distributors
- Sell platform licenses and replication services to publishers
  - Stringent certification, final approval
- Sell required hardware, software and support to developers

## Distributors

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- ❑ The people who move boxes and bits
- ❑ Middlemen between publishers and retailers
- ❑ Compete on price, speed, availability
- ❑ Low margins (around 3%)
- ❑ Digital distribution is changing everything

## Retailers

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- The people who sell boxes
- Also sell shelf space and advertising to publishers
- Earn 30% margin
- Mass market: Toys-R-Us, Big Camera, Yodobashi Camera
- Specialty stores/chains: GameStop
- Digital distribution: 30% and growing

## Service Providers

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- Sound, Music, Voiceover
- Artists (2D, 3D, concept)
- Quality Assurance (testing)
- Public Relations
- Advertising

## Middleware Providers

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- The people who make and sell development tools
- Game engines, asset creation, source control, project management
- Difficult business
  - Few customers, large upfront cost
- Profitable if you can break in



## Service Providers

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- The people who help publishers and developers
- Art: Concept, 2D/3D assets, packaging
- Audio: Sound FX, music, dialog
- QA: Playtesting, platform certification
- Public relations, advertising, career placement, vocational training
- Conference/award organizers, professional societies (IGDA)

## Press and Academia

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- The people who talk about games
- Paper/electronic magazines and books for players, industry
- Web sites (Gamasutra), blogs
- Colleges, universities, institutes
  - Theory, research, career development
  - Academic journals and conferences

# What does it cost to make a **WPI** game?

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- ❑ \$50-100K: Budget phone/casual
- ❑ \$100-500K: Indy, nice phone/casual, budget DS, ultra-budget Wii, many PC games
- ❑ \$500K-1M: Budget console, better DS/PC
- ❑ \$1-5M: A titles (Titan Quest)
- ❑ \$5-100M: AAA titles
- ❑ \$100M+: Out-of-control AAA
  - Star Wars: The Old Republic = \$300M+

## World of Warcraft

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- \$50 Million to make
- 6 Million players @ average of about \$12 / month for 2-3 months = \$200 million a year
- (Less the cost of running those servers)

## Development Models: Developer Driven

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- ❑ Developer creates concept, builds demo
- ❑ Developer pitches concept/demo to publisher
- ❑ Publisher agrees to fund it
- ❑ Developer gets advance \$\$\$ against royalties based on net receipts
- ❑ Developer uses advance to build game
- ❑ Publisher boxes, ships, markets, collects \$\$\$
- ❑ Developer MIGHT get more \$\$\$ if advance is earned out

## Gross and Net Receipts

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- Gross receipts
  - The amount of money a publisher is paid from the sale of a game
  
- Net receipts
  - The amount of money a publisher actually earns from the sale of a game after deducting various expenses
  
- Developer royalties are based on net
  
- But what is the net? Better find out!

## Development Models: Publisher Driven

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- ❑ Publisher originates concept (usually a license)
- ❑ Selects and hires developer(s)
- ❑ Developer earns milestone-based fixed fee and/or advance against royalties (based on “net receipts,” of course!)
- ❑ Developer builds game
- ❑ Publisher boxes, ships, markets, collects \$\$\$
- ❑ Developer might get more \$\$\$ if royalties are part of deal and advance is earned out

## Development Models: Independent

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- ❑ Developer originates concept
- ❑ Builds game with self-funding, somehow
- ❑ Developer persuades Web-based publisher (s) to carry the game
- ❑ Publisher operates Web store
- ❑ Developer gets 30-40% of each sale
- ❑ Popular games may get picked up by a retail publisher and sold in boxes
- ❑ Some developers self-publish, keep 100%



## Games are a Tough Business

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- ❑ Less than 10% of published titles break even
- ❑ Development and marketing costs are rising
- ❑ Licenses and sequels lower risk
- ❑ Self-publishing is very risky
- ❑ You pay a “fun tax” to work in games

## Exercise: Getting to Market

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- 2 minutes to write a one-sentence game description of a game you want to make
- Form up into pairs or teams
- 2 minutes to decide on ONE of your ideas

## Exercise: Allocate Points

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- You have **14** points
- Allocate 0-6 points for each of the following facets:
  - P: Prototype/Pitch
    - How much effort you place on developing a solid prototype to pitch to publishers
  - D: Development
    - How much effort you place on development
  - M: Marketing/Sales
    - How much effort you place on marketing your project
  - F: Fun
    - How effective your design is in terms of how much consumers like your product

## Exercise: Roll the Dice!

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- Everyone stand up
- For each roll of the die, please sit down if the number is greater than the points you allocated for that facet
  - P: Prototype/Pitch
  - D: Development
  - M: Marketing/Sales
  - F: Fun

## Exercise: How Many are Left?

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- Yes, luck is a factor
- You can control it some with **skill** and **money**
- But there's never enough of either to make it a sure thing