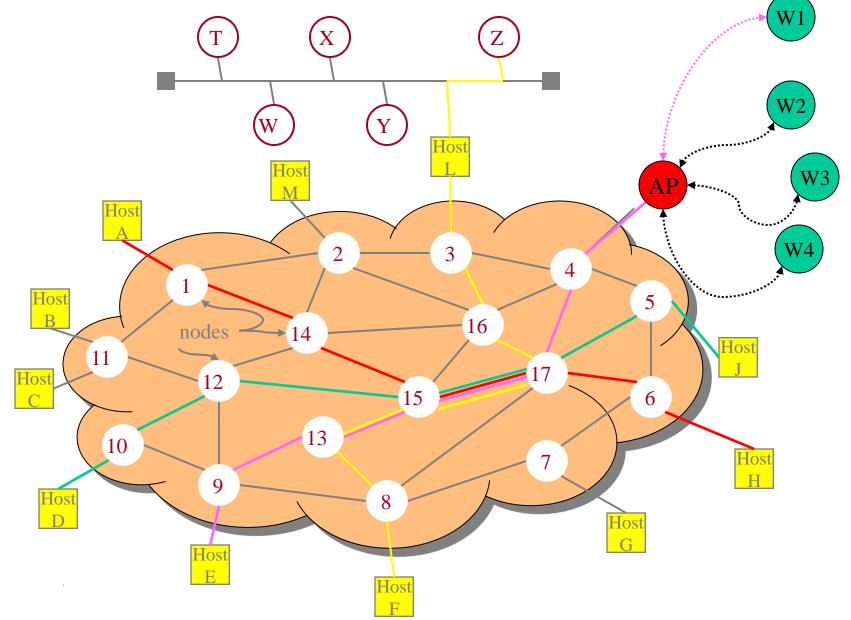
Sample Network Performance Problems









1. What is the end-to-end packet latency in this store-and-forward subnet from router 1 to router 6?

Assume: All links: 2.5 km; C = 100 Mbps; propagation speed = 200 m/microsec. queuing delay = processing delay =0; packet size = 1000 bytes Solution: end-to-end packet delay = 4 (equal hops) x link delay link delay = PROC + QD + TRANS + PROP = 0 + 0 + transmission time +propagation delay 1000 bytes 8×10^3 bits transmission time = $-----= = 8 \times 10^{-5} = 80$ microseconds. 100 Mbps 10^8 bps 2500 m prop delay = ----- = 12.5 microseconds 200 m/ microsec link delay = 92.5 microseconds end-to-end subnet delay = $4 \times 92.5 = 370$ microseconds





2. What is the end-to-end packet delay in this store-and-forward subnet from router 1 to router 6 under the scenario that when a packet from router 1 arrives at router 15 there are three packets enqueued for the link to router 17?

Assume: All links: 2.5 km; C = 100Mbps; propagation speed = 200m/microsec.

processing delay =0; all packet sizes = 1000 bytes

Implied Assumption: queues at 1, 14, and 17 are empty when the packet arrives at node 15.

Required Insight: there will be no queuing delay at 17 even if all three queued packets are going to 6.

Solution:

end-to-end packet delay = 4 (equal hops) x link delay + queuing delay at node 15.

link delay = PROC + QD + TRANS + PROP = 0 + 0 + transmission time + propagation delay

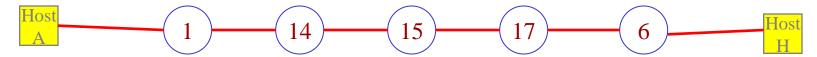
transmission time =
$$\frac{1000 \text{ bytes}}{100 \text{ Mbps}} = \frac{8 \times 10^3 \text{ bits}}{10^8 \text{ bps}} = 8 \times 10^{-5} = 80 \text{ microseconds.}$$

link delay = 92.5 microseconds

queueing delay at node 15 = 3 packets * transmission time = 3* 80 microseconds = **240 microseconds**

end-to-end subnet delay = $4 \times 92.5 + 240 = 610$ microseconds





What is the end-to-end packet delay in this store-and-forward subnet from router 1 to router 6 under the scenario that when a packet from router 1 arrives at router 15 there are three packets enqueued for the link to router 17?

propagation speed 200m/microsec.

processing delay = 0; all packet sizes = 1000 bytes

3.b **Assume Now** All links: **25 km**; *C* = 100 Mbps;

propagation speed 200m/microsec.

processing delay = 0; all packet sizes = 1000 bytes

3.a Assume Now All links: 2.5 km; C = 10Mbps;

4.a Assume Now All links: 2.5 km; C = 100Mbps;
propagation speed 200m/microsec.
processing delay = 10 microsecs; all packet sizes = 1000 bytes
4.B Assume Now All links: 2.5 km; C = 100Mbps;
propagation speed 200m/microsec.



5

processing delay = 10 microsecs; all packet sizes = 3000 bytes

Food for Thought



5. How does the end-to-end packet delay determination change when we send a packet from Host E to wireless Host W1?



6. How does the end-to-end packet delay determination change when we send a packet from Host F to Host Z that is on the Ethernet LAN?



Happy Chinese New Year



The Year of the Snake

