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CS3516 B14 Computer Networks Mid Term Exam November 20, 2014

Question	Points	Score
0	1	
1	5	
2	3	
3	4	
4	5	
5	3	
6	4	
7	5	
8	2	
9	6	
10	4	
11	6	
12	6	
13	9	
14	18	
Total	80	

Trivia Question (1 extra credit point)

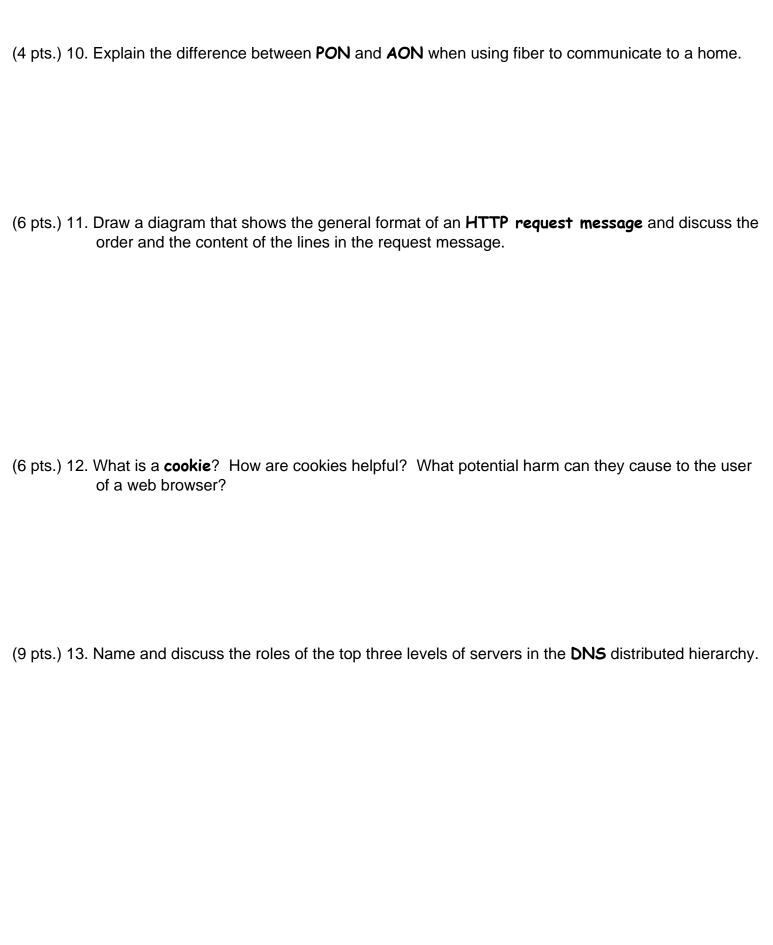
0. (a) What is the capital of ${\bf Sierra\ Leone?}$

-OR-

(b) What city will host the Republican National Convention in 2016?

(5 pts.) 1.	What is a network protocol and what does a network protocol define?
(3 pts.) 2.	Explain the role and issues envisioned in the OSI Reference Model for the Session Layer.
(4 pts.) 3.	Explain the relationship between the listen system call and the accept system call on a server using TCP sockets on a UNIX/Linux system.
(5 pts.) 4.	Explain the difference between datagram and virtual circuit routing .

(3 pts.)	5.	. Name the three standard approaches used to conduct network performance evaluation	n.
(4 pts.)	6.	s. Explain how the modulation rate and channel capacity can be different for a signal trave over a wired medium.	eling
(5 pts.)	7.	. Draw a diagram and explain the role of statistical multiplexing in a concentrator .	
(2 pts.)	8.	s. What is the minimal acceptable wiring grade for twisted pair today?	
(6 pts.)	9.	Discuss the differences between ADSL and VDSL.	



(18 pts.) 14. Given the **internet** pictured below with a propagation speed of **200m/microsec** on the packet-switched WAN and **150 m/microsec** on the **counter-clockwise 10 Mbps** ring LAN where the five nodes (A, B, C, D, E) are equidistantly spaced **300 meters** apart. Assume that every frame on the token ring incurs a **one-bit delay** when it passes through each node repeater.

Nodes 1-4, 7, 8 and E are equidistantly spaced **6 km** apart on the WAN with **1 Gbps** links between nodes. Node E is the only WAN node with a processing time of **100 milliseconds**.

Assuming one packet fits exactly into one frame payload and given the following frame specifications:

Frame payload = 1170 bytes

Frame header = 40 bytes Frame trailer = 40 bytes

a. How long will it take to send a packet from **node D** to **node 1** in the situation that when the packet arrives at **node 2** there are three packets waiting to go to **node 1** and two packets waiting to go to **node 7**? Assume no other queuing on the WAN and that the transmitting node has the token.

{List any assumptions made and show ALL work to receive full and/or partial credit.}

